McKean County Miner.

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McKean County Miner

[illegible] Proprietor.

Departure of Mails.

[illegible]

W. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

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Churches.

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] every Sunday [illegible] Sunday School [illegible] Prayer Meeting [illegible]

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Borough Officers.

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Official Directory.

STATE AND COUNTY.

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[illegible] D. A. Johnson, Bradford.
[illegible] Smethport.
[illegible] W. B. Greer, Smethport.
[illegible] G. W. King, Smethport.
[illegible] McCarthy, Bradford.

[illegible] Court—Fourth Monday in May and September and third [illegible] December.

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LITTLE TU'PENNY.

BY S. BARING GOULD.

CHAPTER VII.

HOW THE CHANCE CAME.

There was a small inn, called the Dog and Pheasant between the park and the mill. Sometimes, when any visitors were at the hall the servants who could not be accommodated in the house were sent to the Dog and Pheasant. It was a tidy, respectable, old fashioned inn, low yellow washed, with russet tile roof and a vine, a Black Hambrough, trained on a trellis over the roof, where it ripened well in warm summers. The host had been a butler to the old squire before the property was sold to the successful Oxford street tradesman. However much the host might turn up his lip of scorn in the privacy of his own room with his wife over these parvenus, he was most urbane and obsequious to them in public, for Mr Tottenham was his landlord, and the hall brought a good deal of custom to the Dog and Pheasant.

Throughout the neighborhood of London the old families have well nigh disappeared. They have migrated, and sold their estates and mansions to wealthy tradesmen, who live in the old seats in far grander style than did the plain country squires.

Ringwood had belonged to the family of Ringwood for three hundred years, then came a spendthrift, then rash speculation, bad times, finally a breakup. Squire Ringwood was obliged to sell his ancestral estate and manor house, and it was bought by the Tottenhams of the firm of Tottenham & Sons, Oxford street.

One day there arrived at the Dog and Pheasant a gentleman of engaging exterior and manners. He wore a black frock coat that fitted him admirably, lavender pants and kid gloves, a crimson ribbon round his throat, a Gloire de Dijon rose in his buttonhole. His name—he showed his card—Mr Algernon Beaufort. He had a delicate complexion and a slight cough. He came into the country because he had been ordered country air and to Ringwood because Ringwood was prescribed as specially salubrious.

He strolled about the neighborhood for a day or two and found it dull—an endless tract of London clay broken by old tile pits and puddles. In time one may have too much of a good thing, it takes very little time to have enough of London clay.

Mr Beaufort, standing in the bar, drawing on his gloves with his elegant lavender legs wide apart asked if it were permissible for strangers to stroll in the park. The host of the inn hesitated. It was not a favor generally accorded but if the gentleman would not mind taking a message of thanks from him to the keeper whose lodge was in the park for a brace of rabbits he had sent his missus, it might serve as an excuse. Then Mr Beaufort could look about him and see the trees and the deer and the lake and the keeper might perhaps take him over the warren.

Mr Beaufort was much obliged. His Gloire de Dijon was faded so he ventured to beg a China rose of the landlady which suited his complexion better even than the Gloire de Dijon, mounted his highly polished hat curled up at the side, took his cane, lighted a cigar, and sallied forth. He entered the side gate of the main entrance, sauntered about the well wooded grounds, came to the keeper's lodge, delivered his message and asked to be allowed to sit down and drink a glass of water. His appearance, his complexion, his address, struck Mrs. Redfern as aristocratic. She made him very welcome, entered into conversation, [illegible] had been a come down in life, and that, though she lived under a cottage roof, she knew what good society was, having lived in baronial halls. This was a little bit of an exaggeration, but it did not matter. Baronial halls—even when converted by an infirmity of the speaker's into 'alls—sounds well.

Mr Beaufort assured the lady that he quite believed it. Something in her speech and bearing struck him as out of the common when he first saw her. Then she told him how she had acquired her finished address and polite bearing. She had been lady's maid to the Misses Tottenham of the great house, one of whom was now married. The other was still single, but said to be engaged. It was a sad blow, she said, to old Mr Tottenham that his eldest son had married an actress. He was not allowed to remain in the firm. He was given an annuity and did not come to Ringwood.

"And this, sir," she said, as Trip appeared, "this sir is my daughter."

"Your sister surely," exclaimed Mr Beaufort, starting to his feet and bowing gracefully, with a wave of his hat.

"My daughter, an only child, sir, aged eighteen."

"Impossible, madame!"

"Pray be seated," urged the flattered Mrs. Redfern. "If I might offer you some of our malt ale and humble cake, sir, or unpretentious biscuits——"

"With the highest pleasure. My name—I ought to have introduced myself—is Beaufort." He put a card on the table. "You may chance to know the name, if you study the peerage, you will have observed that there is a duke of my name."

Mrs Redfern was giddy with excitement. She whispered to her daughter: "Lemma, put on your myrtle green with coffee trimmings, in it you look beautifullest." Then she hastened to produce cake, biscuits, glasses, and a jug of ale and place them on the little table under the balcony of the picturesque cottage.

After a pause and the eating of a biscuit Mr Beaufort said:

"So you, my dear madame, were lady's maid at Ringwood. A position of great responsibility—next to that of the butler, I presume."

"Responsibility!" exclaimed Mrs. Redfern. "I should think so. I've had thousands of pounds worth of jewelry pass through my hands. My young ladies were awful careless, and left their brooches, and bracelets, and necklaces about. I've had times out of mind to put them away for them. I didn't think it right that they should be left littering anywhere."

"And where did you put them away, madame?"

"In morocco cases, locked in a jewel box which was kept in the wardrobe. But there's not quite so much now as there was, as the eldest of the young ladies is married, and took hers away with her."

"I suppose the plate of the family must be superb."

"Superb ain't the word for it," said Mrs. Redfern.

"What sort of a gentleman now, is the butler?"

"Mr. Thomson. Oh, polished as his plate."

"Would it be possible for me to see over the house? I am thinking of building Beaufort court in Gloucestershire, and am interested in gentlemen's places. One can take hints everywhere I find, that is, if one has an intelligent mind."

"Well, sir, Ringwood ain't generally shown, there's generally some of the family here, though they do go to London a deal. The ladies find it dull in the country, and the old gentleman has been so much in business all his life that he must be doing something in his old age, so they make over to him the hosiery branch of the affair. But I dare say the house might be looked over. The family are mighty proud of their pictures, painted by the most d—, I mean fashionable artists, and which have cost the old gentleman pounds on pounds. Come here, Triptolema. My daughter and I will be pleased to walk with you, sir, to Ringwood. Mrs. Podgings, the housekeeper, is a very superior person, and eager to oblige me. Mr. Thomson, I have no doubt, will allow himself to be coaxed into letting you have a peep at the plate." Then, aside to her daughter, "My dear, go on with the gentleman. I will follow. The opportunity has come. Now is your chance. Lay hold."

CHAPTER VIII.

HOW SOME ONE SEIZED A CHANCE.

"Mr. Beaufort," said Mrs. Redfern, graciously, "would you mind stepping on with my daughter? I'll follow directly. I'll first slip on my seal skin and hat."

She allowed Triptolema to go most of the way with the stranger. Trip looked charming, her color was heightened. Her mother's words had kindled her fancy. The gentleman at her side was good looking, faultlessly dressed, polished in manners, presumably rich—he talked of Beaufort court which he was rebuilding, and a man cannot build without money—certainly well born. He had a duke in his family. That was better than a Bart. Trip put on her best graces, and when Trip wanted to be gracious she was irresistible.

Mr Beaufort chatted pleasantly, admired everything, had flattering remarks to make to his companion with whom he was really struck.

Ringwood house was of red brick, a large stately mansion, with long windows, plaster quoins, plaster cornices and vases and balustrades, which looked well with the old red brick.

Mrs. Redfern came up with her daughter and Mr Beaufort before they reached the back door.

"Dear me!" said the gentleman, "this strikes me as the perfect ideal of a house. If the interior arrangements are equal to the exterior perfection I shall take a notion or two away with me. For my part, I like neither comfort sacrificed to architectural design nor architectural beauty neglected for internal comfort. I shall be most interested to see over this house."

The housekeeper, Mrs. Podgings, was accommodating. She liked to have a chat with Mrs Redfern. The butler was gracious, he had a liking, indeed an unbounded admiration for Trip, and vowed he only wished he were ten years younger to make her Mrs. Thomson. Whereat Trip was wont to toss her pretty head.

The gentleman was invited along with the ladies into the butler's private room. He must insist on their all returning there after having been over the house and inspected the pictures. He trusted a light refection there would be acceptable all round.

So Mrs and Miss Redfern and Mr Beaufort started on their round, conducted by Mrs. Podgings. Fortunately the family were out, the house was accessible in all parts. Mrs Redfern was anxious to see all the old rooms again she had known so well and take Mrs. Podgings' attention while the young people talked together. Mr Beaufort was enchanted with everything. He admired the paintings, the porcelain, the glass, the curtains, carpets, furniture—everything, was in admirable taste and most expensive.

But what fascinated him more even than the pictures and china was the perfect arrangement of the house—so compact, so comfortable. He must ask permission to be allowed to make a few rough sketch plans in his pocketbook for his information and guidance in the erection of Beaufort court, Gloucestershire. The permission was at once accorded him and pencil in hand, he drew plans, and was too engrossed in them to say much to Trip.

At last when all had been seen the party returned to the butler's room, where he had for them a bottle of dry Sillery. Some had been drunk at dinner the evening before, and a bottle had been reserved by the butler for his own particular friends.

"Mr Thomson," said Trip, putting on her most coquettish manner, "might Mr Beaufort have a sight of the silver wheel barrow?"

"Barrow? Certainly," answered the butler. "Anything you ask, miss, must be complied with." Then explanatory to the visitor, "You see, sir, Tottenham began life with a wheelbarrow some fifty years agone, and as an occasion of telling the story and showing how clever a man he has been he has had two dozen little silver wheelbarrows made, [illegible] each guest you understand. At a dinner party Tottenham never fails to tell the story apropos of the cellars. He's had on the sides an inscription, Propera, which I take it means Shove along."

"I don't think it," interrupted Mrs Redfern, "though I'm sorry to differ from you Mr Thomson. How 'Propera' can mean shove along beats me. I see clear enough what it signifies. Proper A means A one, and Mr Tottenham means that whatever he has, from his pictures, his plate, down to his dinner and salt is A one, and nothing that isn't A one will suit him."

"It may be, Mrs Redfern," said the butler, blandly. "But I take it the language is Latin. However, this is interrupting my story. The missus, she don't particularly like Tottenham's boasting of his small beginnings, she is more high in her notions, and she always says on aside to the chief guest that took her in, 'What Tottenham says must be taken, like the barrow, with salt.' He was a younger son, and the bulk of the property went to the eldest. He came off only with the barrow. That is what comes of our laws of primogeniture, which in a civilized and Christian land ought to be done away with."

"And so they ought," threw in Mrs. Redfern, "because I don't understand nothing about them."

"But," continued the butler, "about that inscription on the barrows. I know that Tottenham did not comb it out of his head. He asked the rector, who is an Oxford scholar, to help him. Propera is what it is. Now, Mr Beaufort, you can help us to the meaning. 'Shove along' do seem rather vulgar. What does it mean?"

"Sir," said Mr Beaufort, graciously, "till I see the plate itself I can hardly decide between you and Mrs. Redfern. The letters may be Greek or even Hebrew. Suppose you allow me to look at them."

"Certainly, sir," said the butler, rising and taking his keys.

CHAPTER IX.

HOW ONE LOST A CHANCE.

Mr Beaufort's visits to the cottage were daily and Miss Trip wore her myrtle green alternately with her sage green gown, her first alternately with her second best. Mrs. Redfern ordered her a third best of crushed strawberry to be got ready as quickly as the milliner could make it. Crushed strawberry would crush the heart of Mr Algernon Beaufort (with a duke in the family), and bring him to the feet of Trip. But, indeed Mr Beaufort seemed ready to throw himself unreservedly at those pretty little feet, unbrought there by any crushed strawberry.

He was full of civility, and overflowed with compliments which, though not original, were nevertheless acceptable. Of the gracefulness of his attentions there could be no question.

One could hardly have supposed that any number of people could be deceived by the appearance and address of this man. Yet Joe the miller, who saw little of him, was the only person who had any suspicion that he was not what he pretended to be. It is often asserted that the uneducated are keenly alive to real gentility, and able to detect what is spurious. I very much question this. I believe that they are easily imposed upon by mere brag, but I am quite certain that in the semi-educated class, such as servants, who ought, more than others, to be able to distinguish between the true and the false, the faculty of so distinguishing is wholly absent. The criterion by which they judge is one altogether different from the determining faculty in the superior class. Contact with culture has confused their ideas, not cleared them.

It was speedily noised in the servants' hall at Ringwood and throughout the parish that the young man "with a dook in the family" was paying his addresses to Trip. The butler, the cook, the housekeeper, and the upper housemaid at the hall thought it incumbent on them to encourage the courtship; it would add, as Mrs. Redfern said, "a claw" to Ringwood that a daughter of the park, so to speak, should marry into the upper circle of the aristocracy. Moreover, Mr Beaufort was much liked by the servants. He was full of anecdote, witticisms, scandalous stories about persons of title, all of whom he knew intimately, and to the truth of which stories he could testify.

"Your true blooded aristocrat," said Mr. Thomson, "can descend to familiarities with us and lose nothing by it; but your parvenus, your wealthy tradesmen who've riz from a barrow to eat off gold and silver, they have to be mighty particular. They have to be with their dignity like a sailor with his pants, always hitching of it up."

So little collations were spread for the Redfern party and the stranger in the servants hall, a cup of tea was always ready for them in the housekeeper's room when they walked to the house. Mr Beaufort and Trip sat beside each other at table, and a good deal of whispering went on between them, both at table and afterward.

"Really, sir," said the housekeeper, "Mr Beaufort, you're getting to know all about our hall and its ways, as if you was the tame cat of the family."

At last Mrs. Redfern announced she would invite the head servants to the lodge to supper.

"Well," said her husband, "if you do let Joe Western have an invite also. He's a right good fellow, and I care for him a deal more than for your rigmaroling fop of a London swell!"

"Rigmaroling fop of a London swell!" echoed Mrs Redfern. "Well, I never! You are worse than a heathen Richard and Mr Beaufort as is going to make a My Lady of our Lemo. You ain't a turning round with the world that's clear, but are a flying off into nobody knows where."

In spite of all her protestations and exclamations, the keeper insisted on inviting Joe. Joe was a right down solid man, and Joe should come. He wasn't all varnish and Brunswick black, but true metal, and Dick only wished Trip would think of and take the miller instead of the swell. So the keeper asked Joe Western himself, and, to his mother's astonishment Joe consented to go.

Joe went but he was not an agreeable person in society at any time. On this occasion least of all. He had only seen Mr Beaufort at a distance hitherto from the door of his mill, going along the road. Now he studied him with unfriendly eyes, with a scowl on his brow and with his lips set.

Mr Beaufort was uneasy. He whispered to Trip a question who he was, and seemed reassured when informed that Joe was the miller.

Joe scarcely ate, drank little, spoke even less. He sat and glowered first at Algernon Beaufort, Esq. and then at Trip. Not a muscle of his face moved, but the lines in his face became deeper, the brows more knotty, the lips tighter.

"Am I an object of such great interest to you, sir, that you cannot take your eyes off me?" asked Beaufort.

Joe made no answer, he seemed not to have heard the question.

"I object to being stared at," said the gentleman. "I am not accustomed to it in my position."

Then the young miller stood up and walked to the door. Trip was just passing from the kitchen. Joe grasped her wrist as with a vise. She looked up in his face. It was no longer rigid, every muscle was working. He said in a low voice:

"Come outside to me Trip—I must speak to you. I cannot bear more."

"Go on," she said. "I will follow you, Joe."

He went out under the trees. There were deer in the park, near at hand was a cluster of them browsing in the moonlight on the grass that was white as if frosted with the heavily fallen dew.

"What is it, Joe?" She put her hand on his shoulder.

He was standing with his head down, looking at the deer.

"Trip," he said, in a voice that quivered with agitation, "Trip, dear—dear Trip. We've known each other now for several years, and I fancy there's none in the whole world, not my mother even, I think of and care for as I do for you. Trip, I can't bear it. That man, I mistrust him. When I gets a sack of corn, I [illegible] hard at it, and I know the quality of what flour as'll come of it. I've been looking hard at him, harder than ever I studied a sample of wheat. The grain is bad. I don't believe in him. He may be a swell, and a gentleman, and all that, but he'll make you miserable and break your heart, Trip, as sure as I stand here."

"Oh fiddlesticks! Joe Miller. What makes you talk to me like this?"

"I tell you why. Because—because you are dear to me. Because, Trip, if that man were to harm you, I'd kill him, if I were to swing for it."

Such concentrated fury was in his tone as he uttered these words, that the girl was startled.

"How savage you are, Joe."

"I'd be mad if harm came to you," he answered. "There's my mill, and my mother—those are all I've had to think of till you came, and I caught you when you tried a foolish flight. Take care, take care lest you try another."

"Why do you speak to me in this way? You have no right. You are an old friend, that is all."

"That is all. That is all I suppose I ever can be. But I care for you more than your father or mother, and I would lay down my life for you. Beware of that man! Do not trust his words. He is false, and, sure as I stand here, I'll make him regret he ever came here, if sorrow and heart break come to Little Tu'penny through him." Then a gulp came in his throat, and he said no more.

"My good Joe," said Trip, "is this all you have called me out to hear?"

"All—yes," he answered, turning to her again. "No, it is not all. One thing more. I give you the chance, Trip. That I love you, you know; with every string of my heart you may not know, but it is true. And I know that, if you were to take me, you would make me very wretched and break my heart. I know it. I see it written before my eyes in letters of blood. But here, knowing all this, I say to you, take me, become my wife, and you shall have my faithful, best heart's love, do what you will, treat me how you will, I will love you and serve you till you have killed me. That is better than that you should take the fellow in yonder who will break your heart and kill you with sorrow. I see what will come to you if you love him and take him. You will be treated unkindly, then cruelly, you will be deserted and cast out, and my Little Tu'penny—my Little Tu'penny—" his voice broke, he raised both his strong arms folded, over his face and walked up and down passionately, agonized, quivering in all his body.

Trip was in her crushed strawberry gown, in the moonlight, without a hat, the silver light on her flaxen lovely hair and her sweet face, that looked white in the moonbeams.

Then suddenly Joe the miller stood before her and lowered his arms and held out his hands level before him, and looked her earnestly in the face. The light was not on him, his face was in shadow, but there seemed to be sparks of fire in his eyes.

"Trip," he said in a rich, earnest, thrilling voice, "come, put your hands in mine and take me. It is a queer courting. I ask you to take me and spoil my life. Better that than the other should spoil yours."

The girl, giddy, little able to realize the depth and intensity of his passion, the greatness of his devotion, of his readiness to sacrifice himself for her, burst into a merry laugh. A quiver ran through him at the sound.

"Don't be angry, Joe," she said. "I could not help it. I was thinking of something mother said of a fire balloon hooked to an elephant. It can't be—no—Joe, we are not a match. You know it, and so do I."

"Little Tu'penny," said he sadly, as he dropped his hands and, with bent head, turned away, "you are right, we are no match; but I gave you the chance, knowing what must come of it to me, and you have cast it away."

CHAPTER X.

PAST RECALL.

Joe the miller walked away. He did not return, he did not look round again. Trip stood with folded hands looking after him. The muscles of her mouth were twitching with laughter. In the moonlight the merry dimples came into her lovely cheeks. What a droll idea of her mother that was of the balloon and the elephant.

But she was a little sorry that she had laughed aloud and hurt Joe's feelings. He was a good soul. Perhaps she might miss his friendship when she left that part of the country.

She was looking after him as he went along the drive, broad and white in the moonlight, with his hands joined behind his back and his head low down. He was a solidly built young man. He walked slowly, steadily, with firm tread. Every step was taking him farther from her, not for that night, but forever, so it seemed to her. The dimples went out of her cheeks, and she took one step forward as though to go after him, and a transient feeling woke in her heart that she had made a mistake to send him away. But it was soon effaced, as writing on the sea sand is effaced by the rising tide, for the next thought that swept over her mind—she was born for better things than to be, as her mother said, a Mrs. Windmiller.

So faithful, so kind, so gentle, Joe had ever been to her, and to every one else so inaccessible, so hard and cold. Then a gush of warm, true feeling poured through her veins, and she cried out—

"Joe! Joe!"

The night was so still that he heard her, and stopped. She ran along the drive toward him, and he came walking back—not fast, not eagerly, as if expecting great things—but firmly, calmly, ready to accept what she was willing to give.

If he had run and thrown himself at her feet, perhaps she might then have accepted him, but when he came trudging back so composedly a revulsion took place in her feelings, and when they met she did not quite know why she had recalled him, what she wished to say. So she stood still, bent her head, and muttered:

"I'm sorry I called. I only wanted to say one thing whether I leave Ringwood or whether I stay, you will let me sometimes come up the steps and go over the—the"—her heart became soft again for a moment, and tears were in her voice—"I mean, Joe, the dear old mill."

"Is that all?" he asked. "Yes, so long as I am there you can always visit it, but he, if he sets foot on the ladder, I'll fling him down."

"You are not angry with me?" She looked up into his eyes, furtively. She was playing with him, and yet she was half in earnest. She liked him, but she laughed at him—her elephant.

"Angry with you?" he asked. "No, Trip, never. I have borne with much from you already. I have borne with you this evening, but I am not angry—only, Trip so, so sorry."

"We shall remain friends?"

"Always your friend but not your friend's friend."

"And, wherever I may be, you will think of me?"

"I never do other than think of you—think of you with such a pain and anguish in my heart that it is like some deadly disease which has taken hold of me and is consuming me."

He spoke with averted head. He could not trust himself to meet her eyes.

"Is that all you have to say?" he asked, "that you may still come and see the mill? That"—his voice quivered—"you may some day drive up to the steps in your grand carriage, with your coachman and footmen in liveries, and your brass mounted harness, and that you may get out of your carriage, dressed in pink silk, with gloves and rings, grand as the greatest lady, and so, so, with your parasol over your face, and hat, and feathers—so, so may come up and honor the poor—as you called him once—dull Joe Miller?"

Oh, foolish, unhappy Joe. Why did you speak in these terms? Why did you call up such a picture before the vain girl's mind's eye, and spoil your only [illegible]

Yet it was well, perhaps, that he did thus unconsciously thrust her from him. They were not a pair, the elephant and the fire balloon!

"Yes," she said, "that is all, Joe, that I had to ask. I called you back for nothing else."

Without a farewell he turned and walked away, the same steady, heavy tread, in the same way with his head bent down, and with his hands joined behind his back.

As he walked away she still stood watching him, and again did the same regret make itself felt in her heart. Her bosom heaved, her eyes filled, her breath came quick and her fingers plucked at the fringe of her pretty light gown.

He was a dear old fellow—old—he was but young in years, though old in thought and feeling. Yes, she did like him. How would it be if she were transplanted to another part of England and thrown among total strangers? How alone she would feel! How she would long for the wise head and the trusty heart of Joe! And now, dimly, she began to see that he had been a better friend to her than her mother. Her mother was urging her to sail on a wholly unknown sea, whereas she knew all about Ringwood and Joe. She knew how deep, how still, how stormless was the Pacific ocean of his heart, and what did she know of the character, of the temper, of the principles of Mr Beaufort? Then she recalled Joe's words about her future with him. What if that forecast should prove true? What if after all her mother's efforts, and her own ambitious hopes, the end aimed at should prove a delusion? She did not in the least care for Mr Beaufort. He flattered her vanity, but he had not touched her heart. He had laid hold of her by the worst fibers of her nature, whereas Joe held her by the few fine, subtle, good ones.

Then she cried out again, "Joe! Joe!"

Perhaps he was too far away to hear her voice. He did not turn. He was farther now than he had been when first called and brought back.

She waited for him to halt in his walk. She waited in vain. Then she felt in her pocket, by some caprice she had slipped (for no reason that she could give) the whistle into it, he had made for her some years ago. She put it to her lips and whistled, whistled loudly, shrilly, with all the strength of her breath.

Then she paused, and, holding the whistle, waited. She waited in vain. Joe walked on. He did not stop, he did not hesitate in his walk.

He knew her mood better than she knew herself. He had heard her call, he had heard the whistle, and he walked on.

Then the tears that had risen to her eyes became tears of mortified vanity, as they dropped from her lashes. She stamped her little foot on the gravel, and tossed her head. He did not really love her, if he would not return when she called. Was she not worth the trouble of retracing a few steps? Apparently he thought not. There were others who valued her higher.

At that very moment Mr. Beaufort was beside her.

"Miss Redfern," he said, "I heard your whistle, and the trusty canary has flown to your finger. I am here. Your mother has been asking for you, and I offered to go in quest. May I flatter myself that the whistle was to call me?"

She said nothing. She might be giddy, but was not capable of a lie.

"This is a fine park," said Mr. Beaufort, "but you should see mine in Gloucestershire. This is small, mine covers three times the amount of land, and my trees are finer, my deer more numerous and fatter."

"What," asked Trip, "what are your liveries?"

"Buff and blue," answered the gentleman. "The Beaufort colors. The stockings of the footmen—white."

"I heard some one say that your harness was brass mounted."

"Not at all. Silver mounted, far more stylish. The Beaufort harness is all silver mounted. I could not differ from his grace. It would not look well."

"Have you many carriages, sir?"

"I have not counted. I believe I pay the two guineas tax for four, and how many drags I have for which I pay fifteen shillings, I really cannot say; I leave all that to my steward."

"Is your house very fine?"

"I am rebuilding it in palatial style. The first architect of the day is employed on it. I have given him carte blanche."

"Is it not rather dull in Gloucestershire?"

"I am in town for the season. Have you ever been to the opera? I wonder what Miss Tottenham would say to seeing you there in a box opposite her?"

"I am hardly likely to have the chance," said Trip, and sighed.

"Will you not give me the chance of taking you there? I place my fortune, my mansion in Gloucestershire, my town house, my person, unreservedly at your feet. And"—he opened a morocco case, and drew forth a ring that sparkled in the moonlight—"allow me to present you with this diamond ring, worth only a hundred and fifty pounds, as an earnest of my sincerity."

Since Marguerite was tempted by the casket, what woman's heart can resist jewelry?

"Let us go in," said Mr Beaufort, "and announce our engagement to your mother, that charming Mrs. Redfern."

That night when the guests had departed, Trip sat in her crushed strawberry on the side of her bed, a very woebegone figure, looking before her without seeing anything.

Then her mother came in. "Oh, my!" she said, "not gone to bed yet. What a blessing has come to-day. The crushed strawberry did it. Now we may sleep happy, your fortune is made."

Trip started at her mother's voice, and, when she came over to her daughter, Trip, without rising, threw her arms round her mother's neck and burst into a storm of tears on her bosom.

"Mother, dear mother! I think I've made a dreadful mistake. I—I don't care for him, not a bit, and I do—I do love Joe Miller!"

"Fiddle-de-dee!" exclaimed Mrs Redfern. "Hoity toity! Fortunate you have accepted Mr Beaufort and taken his ring. You can't be off that. What! when you can fly as fire balloon, wish to grovel as a—as a—garden roller!"

"Oh, mother! I don't want to be a fire balloon."

"Hoity toity! Not to become a star? My dear, you've made your bed now and you must lie on it. The world turns and we must turn round with it. The word that is spoken and the lover dismissed are past recall."

CHAPTER XI.

HOW SHE THREW HERSELF AWAY.

"The marriage is actively to take place next Thursday," said Mrs. Redfern, meaning of course, "actually." Presents for the bride poured in from all her friends, Joe only excepted. Old Mrs. Tottenham, Miss Tottenham, Mr Tottenham, the housekeeper, the butler, the maids, the lodgekeeper—all gave her presents, all personal ornaments, or bits of frippery wherewith to adorn her house, Beaufort court, in Gloucestershire, in process of erection.

Mr Beaufort had a mansion in London, he said, in Picadilly, and he proposed that after the marriage he should take his bride to Beaufort house, Piccadilly, and then make a tour with her in his yacht along the Norwegian coast, the fjords, the glaciers there were worth a visit, he said, and, as Trip had never yet been abroad, he ventured on a pleasantry and said that this Trip should be with him. "So my dear Mrs Redfern, you must expect no letter for a month or so. After our return we will communicate with you from Gloucestershire."

"Lawk a body!" said Mrs. Redfern; "don't there be any postal communications from Norway?"

"I only say that you must not expect any and be agreeably surprised if you hear. You see, my dear mother-in-law elect, we shall be in our yacht, and may not come near a postoffice—if postoffices exist in those parts."

"I shall be afraid she'll suffer shipwreck. I've heard there's a great whirlpool in those parts. If you was to carry [illegible] were sucked down, and never come up again, but all broken and done for, I'd cry my eyes out."

Mr Beaufort did not answer. Any one who had watched his face at that moment would have observed a change in it. That he loved Trip was unquestionable. He was bewitched by her. He could not take his eyes off her when in her society, and, whenever he could, he was in her society.

Was it wonderful? Such a charming, lovely creature as this sweet Trip of 18 is not seen often in a lifetime. She was full of faults, but her very faults were engaging. One could see she was vain, and forgive it—she had a right to be vain, that she was a coquette, and pass it over—her coquettishness gave a piquancy to her beauty.

"Who would be his best man?" asked Mrs Redfern, and with a flutter of excitement, "would the duke condescend to be present?"

No, his grace would not. In fact, the family was much offended at the engagement. They regarded it as a mesalliance, they would not countenance it, that was why Trip had received no calls from any of his family—no notes, no presents, no notice whatever. However, argued Mr Beaufort, when he introduced her all this miserable prejudice would melt away, the irresistible charm of her beauty and manner would win its way, and she would be received with affection.

Mr Beaufort was very anxious to hurry on the marriage. His time, he explained, was precious, his yacht was ready, and he was desirous of seizing the most beautiful and suitable weather for his honeymoon in Norway. So preparations were very hasty, a license procured to obviate the delay of bans, and the landlord of the Dog and Pheasant was invited to act as best man.

During the time that intervened between the proposal and the marriage Trip was restless and excited. During the day the trying on of her bridal dress, the talk of her mother, the visits of friends, kept her spirits up, but at night, when alone, they sank, and she had many a cry in her little room. She did not care for Mr Beaufort. Her heart was wholly untouched, only her ambition was roused and her vanity inflamed. There were two spirits in her—one that urged her on in the direction she was taking, the other, that spoke in words of warning, to hold her back.

What did she really know of Mr. Beaufort? What was his character? She had not spoken with a single person who had known him before he came to the Dog and Pheasant. She could not wholly put away from her the words of Joe, expressive of his mistrust. He was jealous, so she said, that was why he spoke so strongly, and bitterly, and unjustly. Nevertheless, there were times when a misgiving took possession of her, and she feared the possibility of his words coming true in part. Mr Beaufort might have a bad temper, might be jealous, might drink—be a gambler. There was no saying what his qualities were, as no one knew anything of his past, but what he chose to reveal himself.

Mr. Redfern did not interfere. Love making, marrying, was woman's work, he said, the maid must suit herself; if the spark suited her, she was the person most concerned, and he was satisfied. Mrs. Redfern believed everything that Mr. Beaufort said, and did not dream of doubting it. She had long looked for this happy day, and now it was come. The right gallant turns up in fairy tales and novels.

But Trip had one friend who thought of all this, though he did not know how to help her—to help her against herself. He also asked himself again and again: Who is this Mr. Beaufort who has a duke in his family? It ought not to be hard to discover if there be a duke of that name. After much silent pondering of the matter, he went to the parsonage with his little bill for flour and barley meal in his hand. The rector liked to have his accounts settled quarterly.

The rector had a great respect for Joe, who was so steady a parishioner—never drank and gave no trouble.

Joe received his money for his account, but did not leave at once.

"Please, sir," said he, "have you a book about all the lords and ladies in England?"

"Certainly, Mr. Western, you mean a 'Peerage.'"

"I'll tell you what I want," said Joe, in his blunt, straightforward way. "There's Trip Redfern is going to marry a Mr. Algernon Beaufort, who says there is a duke in his family, and I want to find out if it is so."

"Pshaw!" laughed the rector, "it is sure to be right. Beaufort—duke. There is a Duke of Beaufort, but the family name is not Beaufort, but Fitzroy Somerset. Here is the 'Peerage,' look for yourself."

Joe looked at the book, turned the pages, and was more puzzled than before.

"Then those of the duke's family are not Beauforts at all?"

"Certainly not; Fitzroy Somerset. Did Mr. Beaufort claim relationship to the Duke of Beaufort?"

Joe rubbed his head.

"That I can't say. All I know is, he told Mrs. Redfern that there was a duke in the family."

"He did not say what duke?"

"I think not."

Joe saw his only chance of finding out about Trip's intended husband disappearing.

"I fear I cannot help you. I do not know who can help you. Bless, my good fellow, every other person you meet pretends a connection with some peer of the realm; that is no new thing, though the connection may be hard to prove, perhaps impossible. But why are you particularly interested in this matter?"

Again Joe rubbed his head.

"Well, sir, Trip and I have been old friends, very fast friends, and Mrs. Redfern believes whatever she is told, and Mr. Redfern don't care, so that Trip has no one to think for her welfare but me."

The rector shook his head.

"It is sure to be all right," he said. He was a sanguine man. "Don't you bother yourself."

Joe walked back to his mill thinking, depressed, uneasy, and puzzled.

What more could he do? Nothing. He was impatient because he could do no more, and while he was turning over in his head how to find out the antecedents of Mr. Beaufort the marriage took place.

As the coachman with white favors drove the happy pair away from the keeper's lodge, past the windmill, the sails of which were flying briskly, a little hand was thrust through the carriage window, waving a white handkerchief—the handkerchief was not dry. Then a little face looked out, and looked up at the mill—a wistful face with very red eyes and quivering lips; and long after the carriage had passed the same face looked back at the dear old mill.

Did Trip think that her friend Joe was at the door, or up at the window of the corn chamber? She looked at one, then at the other, but saw no white head. Yet she thought he might have come to the door to wave his cap to her. Surely he could not be so uninterested in her fortunes as not to leave his work for a moment to wish her God speed! Surely he was not so unforgiving that he still harbored anger in his sullen heart against her—her who now looked up for his forgiveness?

Joe had seen her. He was not uninterested in her fortune. He harbored no anger against her. But he would not show himself. He stood back, with his arms folded over his breast, and his head down, and he had two lines on his cheeks from which the flour had been washed away. And hark! Tingle, tingle, tingle! The empty hopper is ringing, ringing, ringing, and still Joe stands with bent head and folded arms, and he does not hear the bell for once in his life, and the stones grind themselves and grind sparks out of their flinty ribs.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Heir Apparent and Heir Presumptive.

The heir apparent is the oldest son of the sovereign, whom nothing except his own death can deprive of the kingdom. If the sovereign has no child, then the relative nearest the throne is the heir presumptive, so called because the birth of a child to the king would lose him the right of succession.

The longest bridge in the world is in China. The roadway is seventy feet wide, and the bridge is seventy feet high. There are 300 arches seventy-five feet apart, each one of which bears a pedestal on which is the figure of a lion twenty-one feet long and made of one solid block of marble.

The Age of Louis XVI.

Many persons who have seen pictures of King Louis XVI of France in the powdered wig of that period are accustomed to look upon him as either a man past middle age or an old man. When he was executed he was 38 years old.

Pinchbeck.

The composition known as "pinchbeck" is employed in the manufacture of cheap jewelry, to which it gives its name. It was called so after Christopher Pinchbeck, a London vender of jewelry.

German Territory.

The provinces of Alsace and Lorraine originally belonged to Germany. She lost them at the end of the Thirty Years war in 1648, and regained them at the end of the Franco-Prussian war in 1870.

"Limited."

This word used after the name of a joint stock company means that the liability of the shareholders is limited expressly to the amount of their respective stocks. Where there is no such limitation by statute any single shareholder incurs a responsibility equal to the whole debt of the concern. To make such limitation valid companies must make public registry of the fact.

Useful Hints.

Professor A. J. Cook finds ammonia the best of all remedies for bee stings.

Too much tennis, says a noted physician, will undoubtedly cause the insidious spinal trouble.

The yolk of one egg, three drams of glycerine and fifteen grains of carbolic acid make an excellent mixture for softening the hands.

English ladies are celebrated for their beautiful complexions. They pay strict attention to cleanliness and the bath and take much active exercise in the open air.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Manners and Customs Practiced in Polite Society.

The conduct of an engaged girl toward the family into which she is about to enter should be in the highest degree amiable and respectful. She should not take on airs, as do some, who assume the triumphant mien of a victorious general riding into a captured city. Harper's Bazar tells of an old New York gentleman with the manners of the past, who received into his family a well dowered young woman as a prospective daughter-in-law. He was pleased with the connection in every sense but one. "She has no manners," said he, after a month's acquaintance. "She does not bow to me on the stairs or take my proffered hand. She is rude to my aged sister. She makes no effort to be agreeable in our family circle. She wishes Charles to be making love to her all the time; and yet I think she is kind hearted enough, has good principles and wishes to do right. She does not know how to be polite; she has no breeding." He was right. His daughter-in-law knew how to ride a horse, how to speak French; but how to be a lady she knew not.

Answers to Invitations.

People are sometimes puzzled as to whom to address a reply to a wedding invitation. They are perhaps friends of the bride or the groom, but unacquainted with the parents, from whom the invitation comes. This can make no possible difference. The answer to any invitation whatever is sent to the person or persons in whose name it is issued. If Mr. and Mrs. James Smith invite one to the wedding of their daughter, or any other entertainment, the response is made to Mr. and Mrs. James Smith. If an invitation comes from Mrs. Thomas Brown, the answer should be addressed to that lady. The formula of an invitation is always sufficient guide for the reply.

Hints on Writing Notes.

Do not write a note on ruled paper.

Remember that few abbreviations are respectful.

Dates and numerical designations may be written in Arabic figures, but [illegible] ought to be expressed in words.

Do not send a blotted, [illegible] note to any one. It is very apt to create a certain prejudice against you in the mind of the recipient.

McKean County Miner

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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ADVERTISING RATES.
All advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion [illegible] a square [illegible] will be furnished on application. [illegible] cards, not exceeding one inch [illegible] per year. Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. [illegible] notices of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free. All communications should be addressed to
L. ROGERS,
Editor and Proprietor

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 5, 1887.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE
Philadelphia, June [illegible]

The Republican State Convention will be held in the Opera House at Harrisburg, on the third Wednesday of August, the 17th, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State Treasurer and Judge of the Supreme Court, and for the transaction of other business. [illegible]

[illegible]

THOMAS V. COOPER, Chairman

COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention will be held in the Court House at Smethport [illegible] for the purpose of electing two delegates to attend the State Convention called for August [illegible] at Harrisburg. [illegible]

W. E. LOWRIE, Chairman

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention will be held in the Court House at Smethport, on [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for [illegible] Sheriff, Prothonotary [illegible] Attorney, two County Commissioners, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention. [illegible]

W. E. LOWRIE, Chairman

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

[Candidates who desire their announcements published in the MINER must pay for the same in advance to secure their insertion.]

DELEGATE TO STATE CONVENTION.

We are authorized to announce that the name of [illegible] of Bradford will be submitted to the County Convention as a candidate for delegate to the State Convention.

ADDITIONAL LAW JUDGE.

SMETHPORT, PA., July [illegible]

EDITOR MINER:—You are authorized to announce that I am a candidate for Additional Law Judge of the 48th Judicial District, subject to the decision of the Republican County and District Conventions.

LUCIUS A. MORRISON.

[illegible]

EDITOR MCKEAN COUNTY MINER:—Please announce that I am a candidate for nomination for the office of Prothonotary, Register and Recorder and Clerk of the Courts, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

J. M. MCELROY

Smethport, Aug. 1, 1887.

SHERIFF.

[illegible]

W. T. MCCARTHY

Bradford, Aug 1 1887

We are authorized to announce that W. E. CLARK, the present Deputy Sheriff, will be a candidate for Sheriff [illegible] Republican County Convention. [illegible]

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

EDITOR MINER:—You are hereby authorized to announce my name as a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

GEO. A. STURGEON

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

EDITOR MINER:—You will please announce my name as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

J. A. MCKEAN

Kasson, July 29, 1887

EDITOR MINER:—You are hereby authorized to announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican primaries and County Convention.

THOS. L. FLANIGAN.

Bradford, July 26, 1887

EDITOR MINER:—You are hereby authorized to announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

P. M. [illegible]

We are authorized to announce [illegible] of Eldred, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Union Labor Announcements.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

EDITOR MINER:—You will announce my name as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Labor Convention.

J. G. STRONG

Smethport, Aug. 3, 1887

GOVERNOR BEAVER has our sincere sympathy. He has gone into the oil producing business in a section of Venango county which has been about as thoroughly tested as any in the region, and with Jake Kepler of Tionesta, as a partner.

THE Republicans of Ohio have started in on a campaign which for them, can only end in glorious victory. They have re-nominated their popular Governor, General John B. Foraker, and have recommended their great statesman, John Sherman, as the Republican nominee for President. The party is entirely harmonious, and there can be no doubt about the result.

A FEW of the surviving members of the old "Bucktail" regiment met in Harrisburg on Tuesday last and organized a regimental association. Capt. R. F. Wright of this place was one of the number. Colonel A. E. Niles of Wellsboro, was elected president and W. M. Rauch, of Philadelphia, secretary. It was decided to have a reunion and banquet at Williamsport on the 20th and 21st of October.

AT the late session of the Legislature an act was passed and approved by the Governor, providing for an Additional Law Judge in this Judicial district. It is conceded that one of the lawyers of this county will be chosen for that position as the President Judge lives in Potter county. Elsewhere in this paper Mr. L. A. Morrison of this place asks for the recommendation of this county by the Republican County Convention, for the District nomination for Additional Law Judge. Mr. Morrison is one of the ablest lawyers of this county and that he has that judicial cast of mind which would eminently fit him for the bench, probably no one acquainted with him will question. We believe he would make a strong candidate, and if elected, an able and impartial judge.

THE LAND QUESTION.

A contributor, in another column, says that one company owns sixty thousand square miles of the territory of Florida. As there are only 54,240 square miles of territory in that State, "J. G. S." is quite a distance off his base. We don't know what company he refers to but we do know that a company of Philadelphians bought a large tract of country of the State of Florida at a very low figure. It was what would be termed in this country swamp land and required an immense outlay to reclaim it. It is now being sold off to settlers at about the price which they pay for government lands. As a matter of course in favored localities the price is somewhat higher. It is really a good thing for Florida to sell that portion of her territory which requires drainage to northern capitalists who have the means to do the work, for the State is poor and unable to do it. It opens up a large section of her territory to the cultivation of the orange and other fruits and to the cereals which are indigenous to tropical countries.

When the Pacific Railroads were projected the schemes were looked upon by capitalists throughout the country as chimerical. The idea of building railroads fifteen hundred or two thousand miles through deserts which were supposed to be utterly unproductive, and over mountains which it seemed impossible to cross with the iron horse was deemed visionary and impracticable. Congress took that view of it but was disposed to encourage capitalists who had the nerve to carry forward such stupendous undertakings. The desire to reach the Pacific slope by rail was universal throughout the country and the proposition was very generally acquiesced in by the people to donate sections of the public lands much of which was then known as the Great American Desert to the companies who bound themselves to carry forward these enterprises. As the country was developed, it turned out that very much of what was considered the sterile lands of the Great American Desert proved to be the finest soil on this continent, and from their sales the Pacific Railroad Companies have realized vast sums of money. But they took the chance and are they not entitled to the advantages gained? Can the government decently repudiate its contract with them? There is probably not an acre of these railroad lands which is not in market at reasonable prices unless it be a few acres here and there which is reserved for railroad uses. There is not a town of any consequence west of the Missouri river which has not its land office where farm lands can be purchased from a dollar and a quarter to five dollars an acre.

But we are of the opinion that the people of this country have good cause for complaint at the manner in which portions of the public domain have been grabbed by the cattle kings, and especially by English lords without as much as saying "by your leave, sir." Vast bodies of the best grazing land in the territories have been gobbled up by these nabobs and there ought to be some action on the part of the law making powers to prevent their holding them and to prevent any more gobbling of that character. This is a subject which deserves the earnest attention of the American people.

THE MATCHLESS ORATION.

Fourscore and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now we are engaged in a great civil war testing whether that nation so conceived and so dedicated can long endure. We are met on a great battle field of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting place for those who here gave their lives that the nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But in a large sense we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men living and dead who struggled here have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us the living rather to be dedicated here to the the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly carried on. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us, that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they here gave the last full measure of devotion, that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain, that this nation under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that the government of the people, by the people, and for the people shall not perish from the earth.

Abraham Lincoln at Gettysburg

DEPUTY SHERIFF W. E. CLARK, will ask to be promoted to the position of Sheriff by the Republicans of the County at their Convention in September. Mr Clark has been the assistant of Sheriff Bannon for the past three years, and he is unquestionably thoroughly qualified for assuming the duties of the principal. He is a popular official and will make a strong candidate.

WILLIAM T. MCCARTHY, of Bradford, is announced elsewhere as a candidate for Sheriff by the Republican County Convention. Mr. McCarthy is the present Coroner of the County, a position which he "has filled with great credit. He is an earnest, uncompromising Republican, and there is no question that if the Republicans should see fit to name him as their candidate he would make a successful run and a first class officer.

THE Prothonotary's and Recorder's offices of this County were never more ably conducted than they have been for the past three years, with Mr. J. M. McElroy as the chief officer. Ability, promptness and politeness are the chief characteristics of the entire force, and it is a pleasure to do business with a public office controlled by that class of men. Mr. McElroy is justified in asking for re-nomination, which he will undoubtedly receive without opposition.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

[From our own correspondent.]

HARRISBURG, August 2.—Several weeks ago your correspondent noted the fact of the nomination of a full county ticket by the Knights of Labor of Dauphin county, and the prophecy was then made that the ticket named lacked cohesive strength and that it would fall to pieces before the campaign opened this fall. This prophecy has been partially fulfilled for the disintegration of the Millersburg K. of L. ticket has already begun.

A Mr. Hamlin of Harrisburg received the nomination at that convention for recorder. He is also a candidate for nomination for the same office before the Republican County Convention but recognizing the weakness of the K. of L. strength and the improbability of Republican endorsement of the K. of L. nominations he was quick to grasp the situation and has declined to allow his name to stand as a candidate. In his letter of declination he reads the K. of L. a lecture and says mature thought has convinced him that the order is not and ought not to be a political order and by entering the field of politics its usefulness to the laboring classes would be impaired. He fears defeat of the ticket and justifies his resignation in the thought that defeat would bring about entire loss of influence for future good and would without doubt greatly retard the progress of the order. He, however, is a candidate for the Republican nomination and is making a vigorous campaign for it.

The political horizon in the State begins to show some signs of the approaching fall's stormy campaign and the forces of the opposing parties are preparing to be marshalled for the battle. Dates have been fixed and conventions have been called to name the contestants and by the time the wind begins to blow cool over the oat stubbles we will be in the beginning of the campaign.

But little is being done in our immediate neighborhood thus far but one thing is certain that for local political office we have half a dozen candidates for each place to be filled.

The subject that is engrossing the largest share of public attention in Harrisburg is the question of street paving. Our city council had about made up its mind as to the particular kind of pavement that was wanted but because of some hitch intelligible or known only to the councilmanic mind as asphalt, belgian block or some other kind of pavement for our streets, a luxury our poor mortal visions are unable to see now in the near future.

The streets and highways of the capital city are really in a disgraceful condition and while the property holders have almost unanimously petitioned councils for street pavement the councilmanic mind is sore pressed to decide just the kind of pavement to adopt. It will come however in due time, perhaps when the Legislature re-assembles two years hence the members may have an opportunity of rolling over our paved streets and inspecting them.

Your correspondent some time ago desired to know if he contemplated naming a Judge for the McKean Potter district in the near future. I was led to believe from his answer that he could not name any one until after the Republican convention had made its nominations. The same delay will hold in the case of the Favette Green District.

Governor Beaver has been out of town a great deal lately. Meanwhile the executive mansion is undergoing a remodling. When finished it is said it will be one of the handsomest buildings in our city.

I wont write anything about the weather for everybody is tired of the incessant heat and a man who asks "is it hot enough for you?" is assassinated on the spot.

AUGUST.

Harrisburg, Aug. 1st, 1887.

THE papers which have been circulating reports to the effect that Mr. Blaine had changed his mind in regard to his European tour were either unfriendly to that gentleman or were discussing something that had no foundation. The London correspondent of the *Tribune* of Sunday last cables as follows: "Mr. Blaine was yesterday shown a newspaper paragraph announcing his intention to start for America in a few days. After carefully reading it a second time he said 'There is no truth whatever in the report. My wife and I came to Europe for a year of rest amid classic scenes and, if our health continues we will not depart from our original plan.' Mr. Blaine and his family are still the guests of Mr. Carnegie, but they are expected in London again this week. Regarding Senator Sherman's Toledo indorsement Mr. Blaine said he had nothing to say except that Mr. Sherman was clearly entitled to it.

GENERAL LOGAN was one of the men who believed that a good name is rather to be chosen than great riches. The inventory of his estate shows a total valuation of $6,670. His opportunities to secure wealth were doubtless very great, had he been a dishonest man. He died poor but who will say that he was not wiser than those who, in his position, increased their wealth at the expense of their integrity? He had enough while he lived to keep the wolfe from the door and his children will never be called upon to defend his reputation.

MR. J. G. STRONG announces his candidacy in another column for the nomination of County Commissioner at the hands of the Union Labor party. Mr. Strong is a representative laboring man, having earned his bread by the "sweat of his brow" through life. If he should be nominated and elected as one of the Commissioners of the county he would discharge the duties of the position with fidelity.

EX-JUDGE WILSON of Wellsboro, is reported by the Democratic papers as saying that "Cleveland for President and Hill for Governor will carry New York." It will take other evidence than that of Democratic newspapers to convince us that the Judge ever uttered such a sentence.

SUBSCRIBE for the MINER.

WHY ARE THERE KNIGHTS of LABOR?

EDITOR MINER:—Believing that the right of every man to enjoy the full benefits of his own labor is truth self evident and also that all values or property are created by labor, and that any laws are only different systems of slavery that deprives a man of his earnings. We will first discuss the means by which man is deprived of his earnings against his own consent. The most potent means is land proprietorship. In this latitude it is impossible to subsist without the cultivation of the soil. Shrewd and cunning men knowing this fact have succeeded in getting the different States, and the United States government to transfer their rights to nearly all unoccupied and uncultivated land and in no instance have these governments limited or stipulated the amounts which these land holders are to charge to other parties for the benefits or privileges of cultivating their land. When the country was new land and handy to get by those who wanted it for cultivation such charges were low but since the late war the immense emigration of pauper or oppressed labor from Europe exceeding one-half million annually mostly seeking land to cultivate they have taken the unimproved land very rapid but notwithstanding this fact less than one-tenth of the government land has passed into the hands of parties seeking homes and now as nearly all of the unimproved government land has passed into the hands of the speculator those seeking homes are compelled to make terms with the speculator and divide with him his earnings or be deprived of the benefits of the earth which God has created.

The enormous impositions and immense size of those land grants, made by the U. S. government staggers the calculations of the mathematician. As no reports of those grants have ever been published it is impossible to give them in precise figures. One company has over sixty thousand square miles, sixteen thousand more than all the State of Pennsylvania, all the unsettled parts of Florida excepting twenty thousand square miles.

The Central Pacific R. R. grants, amounting to over twenty thousand. Then the Southern Pacific at over twenty thousand more, then hundreds of lesser railroad grants occupying territory larger than the whole of France.

When the people became alarmed at these enormous land grabs then Congress refused further railroad grants but passed an act authorizing the sale of timbered and desert land under which act immense sales of timbered land have been made. Space forbids to even mention the states and territories where these land plunderers have gobbled untold millions of acres. The last and most gigantic land grab of all has been done by the cattle ranchers which occupies the largest part of New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming and a portion of Dakota and Montana territories, who have not taken the pains to ever make the purchases but have erected their fences on this vast region and [illegible] the settlers with their rifles and revolvers. Notwithstanding all the facts the government respects their last land claims as if the land was taken in legal form, being encouraged and supported by all of the lesser land speculators in the country.

Such facts as the foregoing should be a subject of alarm to all lovers of Republican governments.

Another alarming fact is that all the land speculators act in concert and corrupt legislation in general and local governments and thus avoid paying their share of the taxes and bearing the burdens of local governments.

We need not go beyond our own county to see instances of this inequality. The speculators land being assessed from $1.25 to $3 per acre which will readily sell for from $15 to $25 while farming land is assessed at [illegible]

Then the railroad land grants pay no tax whatever which is effected by their not lifting their warrants until they have made sale of the land and the present administration has made no effort to compel them to comply with the statutes granting them.

Many of these land speculators are foreigners and thus carry away the earnings of the American laborer to spend in foreign countries. Even our native land millionaires generally prefer the delights of European travel. Take for instance the Holland Land and Purchase company who operated in western New York and northwestern Pennsylvania and consider the millions of dollars they have drained from the labor and earnings of this country which certainly were not the earnings of the Land Purchase company or their employees.

The question naturally arises how long can this state of affairs continue. When we remember that our country has no large standing army to enforce our present laws and such further legislation as the landlords shall desire enacted, the time will be limited only by the patient acquiescence of the laboring men. How long he may submit to have his earnings wrested from his hands and spent by others in riotous living is only a question for him to decide. Who can calculate the untold billions that laboring men must pay the speculators of American soil now in their possession before the land can be redeemed and converted into homes and farms of the husbandman. Who can count the untold millions who shall toil and die in poverty never reaching the goal of a home of their own where they may spend the years of old age in peace. Should our present land system be perpetuated we are on the eve of another revolution and nothing but a large standing army can continue our present status. The mutterings of the gathering are already heard as distinctly as was that of the last revolution of 1861, when the conflicts of the early settlers of Kansas reached our ears in '54 and '56. Until the tyrants of the present time, realize their hold on human toil more readily than the tyrants of '61 then may we hope that the coming conflict may be less bloody than the last.

J. G. S.

THE Richmond *State* about as rabid a Democratic paper as is published in the southern States, still harps on the color line as follows: "There is hardly a white man in the south who would not rather see a dollar shrunk to less than half its value in his hand who would not rather see the tax collector despoil him of his whole hard won crop and who would not rather see every remaining right of the States relinquished and flee with unfaltering faith to the shelter of a centralized Government, than to see the races mingling together in the social intercourse of the public schools.

GROVER CLEVELAND is plucky. When he knows he is right he defies public opinion.—*Alta Californa*

When the animals were coming out of the Ark the gangway was crowded and there was a sudden stoppage. The Red Ant turned to the Elephant, who was immediately behind and wrathful said 'Say' who are you shovin'?"—*N. Y. World*

THE London correspondent of the New York *Tribune* speaks as follows of Gen. Cameron in his despatch of Saturday last to that journal: "Mr. Simon Cameron, who passed for one of the youngest Americans ever seen in London, has dined with Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill, and goes today to Blenheim to spend Sunday with the Duke of Marlborough."

THE Springfield *Republican*, a leading Mugwump paper of Massachusetts, has this to say in reference to the nomination of Robert Lincoln for President: "His personal independence, integrity and sincere devotion to administrative reform would, if he were nominated, place an embarrassing assortment of attractions before the Independent and Mugwump vote which elected Mr. Cleveland. He fulfills the demand for a western candidate and with Governor Robinson or General Hawley for Vice President would head a strong ticket, and present a combination calculated to reunite the Republican party, to re-establish the ancient standards of public honor which it has forsaken and to challenge success by deserving it.

GEN. BUCKNER who is elected to be the next Governor of Kentucky thinks that "if God Almighty can forgive the Republican party for its work from '61 to '65 it will be a severe strain on his plan of universal salvation." It is not remarkable that a man who asserts such an opinion should break his promise to meet his Republican opponent in joint discussion.

ONE of the pleasing features of the political situation for Republicans is the fact that the closest personal friendship seems to exist between Blaine and Sherman the leading aspirants for the Presidential nomination, while the active supporters of neither seek to antagonize the other candidate or his champions.—*St. Louis Globe Democrat*

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with abscess of lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, O., says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption I would have died of lung troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at A. B. Armstrong's drug store.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill. says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used instead three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by A. B. Armstrong.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The Beginning of the End.

The beginning of disease is a slight debility or disorder of some of the vital organs, the stomach, the liver or the bowels usually. There are dyspeptic systems, the liver is troublesome, the skin grows tawny and unhealthy looking, there are pains in the right shoulder blade. The climax is often an utter prostration of the physical energies, perhaps a fatal one. But if the difficulty is met in time with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, if should be resorted to at an early stage, there will be no reason to apprehend those injurious subsequent effects upon the system often entailed by entirely cured diseases. Far better is it also to employ this safe remedial agent in fever and ague and other malarial complaints than quinine and other potent drugs which even when they do prove effectual for a short time ruin the stomach and impair the general health.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Administrator's Notice.

WHEREAS Letters of administration to the estate of [illegible] late of [illegible] township have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

SHERIDAN GORTON, Administrator.

[illegible]

Amendment

TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the commonwealth.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met*, That the following is proposed as an amendment of the constitution of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty two years of age or upwards he shall have paid within two years a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

Every male citizen twenty one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election, shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the state or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the state, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the state or of the high seas, nor while a student at any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established.

A true copy of the joint resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE.
Secretary of the Commonwealth

Aug. 5-m3.

C. M. COLEGROVE,

County and Practical Surveyor!

Smethport, Penn'a.

ORDERS SOLICITED

July 22, '87tf

Amendment

TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO the citizens of this commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment is proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the Eighteenth Article thereof.

AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as Article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor to be used as a beverage is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

A true copy of the joint resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Aug. 5-m3

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

In order to cure [illegible] the blood [illegible] fresh vigor [illegible] system, stimulate flagging [illegible] Hostetter's Stomach Bitters which by infusing energy into the operations of the stomach [illegible] For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

CENTRAL STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

[illegible] Write for catalogue [illegible]

JAMES ELDON, A. M., Principal, LOCK HAVEN, PA.

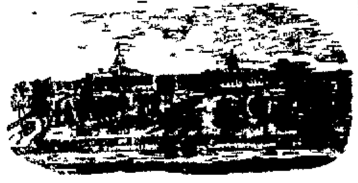
Sale by Executrix.

[illegible] Bradford [illegible] on Tuesday the [illegible] day of Aug. [illegible] at 10 o'clock [illegible] the following described [illegible] lot of [illegible] William [illegible] real estate [illegible] Bradford, McKean [illegible] described as follows [illegible] Webster street [illegible] Appleton & Fischer [illegible] M. Namara [illegible] twenty four [illegible] feet [illegible] hundred [illegible] feet deep [illegible] two story frame [illegible] out house thereon erected.

The terms of sale are one fourth of the purchase money at time of sale and the balance in three equal annual payments with interest, the deferred payment to be secured by judgment [illegible]

JANE WILLIAMS, Executrix.

Lee & Hastings, Attorneys.



Chamberlain Institute,

RANDOLPH, N. Y.

[illegible] both sexes. Well endowed and equipped. Property $100,000. Boarding Hall cost $[illegible]. Steam heat. Spring water. Perfect drainage. Established [illegible] years. Eleven teachers. In addition to regular academic work gives full Commercial College course and unsurpassed advantages in music. Fall Term opens Sept. [illegible] Winter Term Dec. 13. Spring Term March [illegible] Catalogue free on application to REV. J. T. EDWARDS, D. D.

July 22, m3

P. D. HOPKINS

[illegible]

Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT, PA.

— Dealer in —

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for Cash

Brick For Sale!

The subscriber has just burned a kiln of 122,000

First-Class Brick

on the farm of Mr. Ramer, which he will sell at reasonable prices. For further information inquire of

Wm. Ramer, Smethport, Penn'a.

who is my authorized agent for the sale of the brick.

JOHN STRAYER

Smethport, July 20, m2

Prof. DILL'S

BALM

OF

LIFE!

THE GRAND REMEDY

—FOR—

CRAMPS,

Cholera Infantum,

SUMMER COMPLAINTS,

Soreness, Swellings,

AND ALL PAINS.

A CHILD'S LIFE SAVED

Our little boy of two years of age was supposed to be beyond relief with cholera infantum, lay in an unconscious state, when simply to ease him we used Prof. Dill's Balm of Life. It strengthened him so he began to recover. We continued its use a few days and he was well. We prize it highly also for cramps and many pains.

T. HAMMER, Reading, Pa.

100 Doses in Each Fifty Cent Bottle.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

READ THIS

—AND GO TO—

Henry Weith's Merchant Tailoring Establishment!

No. 49 Main Street (Ev. Chadwick's old stand) and

Get Measured for Your Fine Suits of Clothes

Having as per six weeks previous notice to H. W. Rubin severed my connections as cutter with his tailoring branch on July 4th, I take pleasure of informing all my customers and the public at large that I have embarked in business for myself again and will be pleased to give your kind patronage the best attention which my 16 years' experience as journeyman tailor, cutter and designer in the finest establishments in Buffalo and Olean enables me to do. I subscribe for two of the best journals, which are authority on American fashions, and by careful perusal of them I keep posted on the newest prevailing styles, both in cut, trimming and nobby material, and I shall make it my main aim to keep my customers posted on these matters so that our business townsmen and our hale and hardy woodsmen of the great McKean county forests can dress just as neat and stylish as their city brothers.

I will constantly keep on hand a large selection of the finest foreign and domestic woolens, numbering up to 200 different styles, and the best line of trimmings that money can procure. I shall buy and sell my goods for cash only and by doing my own cutting and supervising of the work I can get up a suit of clothes cheaper than any other tailor in this section and by using good taste in designing and trimming, I will be able to turn out work that is as far superior to the

Hand-Me-Down-All-Wool-But-The-Buttons—You Can Smell the Sheep Trade

as our Lord was superior to the Pharisees.

Hoping that you will give the above lines your kind consideration and after reading them hand them to your neighbor I remain,

Respectfully Yours,

HENRY WEITH,

"The Little Tailor," -:- **Smethport, Penn'a.**

SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE'S Academy,

For Young Men & Boys Media Pa

12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense, even books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No examination for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific, Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Students fitted at Media Academy are now in Harvard, Yale, Princeton and ten other Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. 10 students sent to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 10 in 1885, 10 in 1886. A graduating class every year in the commercial department. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasium and Ball Ground. 1500 vols. added to Library in 1883. Physical apparatus doubled in 1883. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circular address the Principal and Proprietor, [illegible] Graduate) Media, Penn'a.

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Merchant Tailor!

Wishes to announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity, that he has in his employ a

First-Class Cutter

who has had experience for the past twenty years. He also keeps constantly on hand an elegant line of

Piece Goods!

and can suit his customers at any price and can make a suit of clothes on short notice.

He also keeps on hand a large and well selected stock of

Ready -:- Made -:- Clothing

and can sell suits from $6 up

ALSO A FINE LINE OF

Gents' Furnishing Goods

Boots, Shoes,

HATS and CAPS.

which he is offering at great bargains to his customers.

Mr Rubin extends many thanks to his customers for past favors and will endeavor to please all his customers in quality as well as prices.

H. W. RUBIN,

Main St., - Smethport.

July 22—tf.

DRESSMAKING

Mrs. Campbell

IN MOSES' BUILDING, TWO DOORS EAST OF CHAUTAUQUA HOUSE

SMETHPORT, PA.

November 18, 1886-tf.

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS, letters testamentary to the estate of Henry Herring, late of Smethport, McKean county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to

JNO. C. HAMLIN,
GEO. W. WILLIAMS, } Executors

Smethport, Pa., July 11th, 1887

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books

STATIONERY,

FANCY GOODS.

DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

Here We Are!

We are now prepared to do all kinds

—OF—

House, Sign, Carriage

—AND—

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, &C.

Paper Hanging,

Kalsomining,

Frescoing and

INTERIOR DECORATIVE WORK

Good Work and Low Prices

is our motto

Trusting that we will be favored with a good share of the patronage, we remain, respectfully yours,

Olmstead & Beman

Smethport, May 6, 1887-tf

T. H. PURTLE

Takes pleasure in announcing to many friends in Smethport and vicinity that he can be found at the old stand, Kruger & Purtle's, on Water st., where he is prepared to do

HORSESHOEING

in all its branches on scientific principles. I am confident of my ability to give satisfaction in this line of business in every instance.

General -:- Blacksmithing

Done with neatness and despatch.

While soliciting a liberal share of public patronage, my aim at all times will be to please my customers.

T. H. PURTLE

Smethport, Pa., May 12, 1887-tf

For Sale.

ABOUT two hundred acres [illegible] corner of Warrant [illegible] ship. The land is well wooded and there are good surface indications for oil [illegible] being convenient to railroad station [illegible] For particulars apply to W. J. Colegrove, Smethport, Pa., or H. M. Rumsey [illegible]

Smethport, Pa., June 3, 1887—3m

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

...of your paper shows the time to ... paid. ... the address of your paper changed, ... which as well as the new one. ... your paper stopped, pay arrearages ... you will continue liable if the ... whether you take it from ... the paper regularly let us ... every man's paper every week, ... with the mails when not re...

Renew Your Subscription. ☞

...of our subscribers com... taking the Philadelphia ... Press in connection with ... during the months of ... August, September and October ... year. We have entered ... a club combination with the ... of the Press by which ... furnish the two papers a ... $1.50. This arrangement ... for some time and we hope ... of this paper, as well as ... who desire two good ... papers, one a local county ... and the other one of the best ... papers published in the ... States, for one year to ... opportunity.

...emember, that for ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS we will send you the MINER and Phila...phia WEEKLY PRESS one year from the date of subscription.

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 5, 1887.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

BOROUGH CAUCUS.

The Republican electors of the borough of Smethport are requested to meet at the usual place of holding elections in the Court House on Saturday evening of this week, for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent said borough in the Republican County Convention to be held in the Court House on Tuesday next. By order of

JOHN N. APPLE,
Of the Co. Com.

Copious showers during the past week.

The state militia are in camp at Mt. Gretna.

The snow shovel is not in active use these days.

Our devil is mourning the loss of his carpet slippers.

The Bradford firemen will parade on September 1st.

Republican borough caucus to-morrow (Saturday) night.

The thermometer swizzled up in the nineties last Saturday.

Old Sol's fierce rays do not decrease ... as summer advances.

There are ten newspapers in McKean county, of which two are dailies.

Now is the proper time of the moon to cut those thistles and burdocks.

Ed McCoy's new branch drug store at Jewett is nearly completed.

The ladies will furnish refreshments at the Rink on Tuesday evening next.

Four thousand feet of tin was put on the new school building in Coudersport.

The Masonic hall in Port Allegany has been newly decorated and furnished.

It is said that the honey crop will be extremely light in this section this year.

The blackberry pickers have been putting in their best licks during the past week.

Street Commissioner Black has just completed a fine job of grading on Union street.

Has the ordinance prohibiting bicycle riding on the sidewalks become a dead letter?

The printers and cigar makers of Bradford will have a game of ball to-morrow.

There is not much doubt that this summer will go into history as the hottest for years.

Frank Moses' best friend would hardly know him since he has divested his face of its hairsuit.

Doc. Sprague insists that the fire escape in the Grand Central don't comply with the law.

There are 21 Lodges of Odd Fellows in Tioga county, with a total membership of about 1,500.

The carpenters are progressing rapidly with their work on lawyer Bouton's house on King street.

M. J. Colcord will build a house this season on a lot he has purchased on Main street, Port Allegany.

The yield of hay in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., is estimated at least 25 per cent. greater than last year.

The Baptist Sunday school picnicked at the Devil's Temple on Friday last. A delightful time is reported.

Don't forget the dance to be given under the auspices of the W. R. C. at the Rink Tuesday evening next.

The Equitable Aid Union, of Port Allegany, will give a dance at Garthwait's Hall next Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Catharine Niles, for the past forty years a resident of Bradford, died at her home in that city on Tuesday last.

Reports from different sections of the country show that the fruit crop has been injured to a great extent by the dry weather.

E. J. Vickery assumed charge of his Water street mill on Monday last. Stark & Frye have been running the mill during the past year.

Every member of the W. W. C. T. U. is requested to be present at the meeting of the society at their headquarters this (Friday) evening.

Republican County Convention at the Court House on Tuesday next for the purpose of selecting delegates to the State Convention.

Job Moses, the man who drilled the first oil well in McKean county, died at his home in Rochester last week. His age was seventy-one years.

Carpenters have been at work during the past week in making necessary repairs on the residence of the late Henry Hering, on King street.

The Ridgway *Advocate* remarks: "Under the new license law constables have a difficult task to perform if they do their duty conscientiously."

Mrs. M. Crossmire has been tendered the position of nurse in the Soldiers' Orphans' School at Mansfield at a salary of $... a year.—*Kane Leader.*

Three young cattle belonging to Casper Smith, of Keating township, were run over by the train on the Clermont branch last Friday evening.

Some mammoth loads of hemlock bark are drawn daily to the Extract Works. In fact they are altogether too heavy for the teams this hot weather.

Miss Kate O'Fete, of Jamestown, N. Y., will endeavor to enlighten the citizens of Port Allegany on the [illegible] problem this (Thursday) evening.

On Sunday last while driving along the Alton road near the reservoir Frank Baker and John Chadwick saw a deer bound across the road ahead of them.

The latest thing is a freight car famine. The Pennsylvania road recently had a requisition for 1,000 more cars west of Pittsburgh than they could furnish.

The Coudersport *Enterprise* gets at the truth in the following manner: "People going on excursions are so happy to get home that they are glad they went."

The citizens of Kane have been swindled and they ought to have grit enough to run down the swindler. It is not to their discredit that they have been imposed upon. Other intelligent communities have been sold in the same manner and it is no argument against encouraging manufacturing establishments to locate in a town because this man Smith proved so adept a scoundrel.

—The name of John C. Sonbergh, of Clermont, has been suggested as a good one for the nomination of County Auditor. How does J. C. S. feel on the subject?

—The Republican County Convention for the nomination of various candidates for county offices will be held at the Opera House, in this borough, on Tuesday, Sept. 13.

—Those who make a practice of driving fast in the borough limits are probably not aware that there is an ordinance prohibiting such things. The penalty attached is $10.

—Those who need brick can procure a first-class quality of Wm. Hamer, Esq., by calling at his residence in South Smethport. See advertisement of John Strayer in another column.

—The Emporium *Press* is booming the Cameron county mineral springs to a marked degree. There is no doubt that these springs will add greatly to the wealth of that county.

—D. H. Quinlisk, the borough collector, is gathering in the taxes at a rapid rate. He informs us that he has collected in the neighborhood of $4,000 on the duplicates in his possession.

—Ada M., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Barr, of Simpson, died at that place on Wednesday of last week, aged about twenty-one years. Her remains were interred in Oak Hill Cemetery, Bradford, on Friday.

—Hon. William A. Wallace purchased the Harrisburg *Star*, which was sold at sheriff's sale last Saturday, for $1,800. The concern was sold to satisfy judgments amounting to $4,485, of which Mr. Wallace held $2,400.

—The Fourth Annual Conclave of the Grand Legion Select Knights, A. O. U. W. of Pennsylvania, were in session three days at Pittsburgh this week, commencing on Tuesday. Sheridan Gorton, Esq., represented Smethport.

—"Yes, Job suffered some," said an Illinois deacon, "but he never knew what it was to have his team run away and kill his wife right in the busy season, when hired girls want three dollars a week."—*Chicago News.*

—At Keokuk, Mrs. T. Nodles does the largest fancy grocery business in the State, established in 1868, and now amounting annually to $80,000; and yet there are those who insist that women have no business faculty.

—Judge Allen anchored his spirited team to one of the iron hitching posts in front of the Court House the other day, but the steeds got restless under the restraint and gave a lunge and broke the post off close to the ground.

—Rev. C. H. Mitchelmore is independent of church choir caprices. If his choir goes back on on him he leads in congregational singing, which is really the best church music, particularly when a congregation is trained up to it.

—Does attending to one's own business consist in giving gratuitous advice as to what other people shall or shall not do? If so the MINER will split the difference, and use its own discretion as to what goes in its columns, all outside advice to the contrary.

—The question of establishing a second polling place in the borough of Emporium will probably be brought before the Cameron county court at the September term. The *Press* is of the opinion that the town is not large enough yet to warrant two election precincts.

—Brother Hughes bewails the antediluvian spirit of his town in the following manner: "Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred and Emporium have all built new school buildings within the last ten years. Port Allegany is still content with the antiquated structure of thirty years ago."

—A cabbage worm remedy that is said to be effective. A pailful of tepid water in which a table-spoonful of saltpeter has been dissolved, and give the plants a good sprinkling. Should they again appear renew the dose. It will not in any way injure the plants but promotes the growth.

—It is gratifying to learn that the intense heat which has prevailed throughout the country for the past month has not injured the peach crop. One of the largest peach-growers of Delaware said recently that "we will have more peaches this year than we have had since the heavy peach year of 1875."

—The Bradford, Bordell & Kinzua railroad bed is being ballasted with stone and steel rails are being laid. In a few weeks the road between this place and Bradford will equal that of any railroad in the country, for which the traveling public will be thankful.

—The London *Telegraph* has a daily circulation of 250,000, and its yearly profits are estimated at $1,500,000. This paper is said by all financial authorities to have a reserve of $5,000,000 invested, producing an income which can be used at any time for an extra expenditure, for any new newspaper enterprise.

—On Thursday afternoon of last week about ten young ladies assembled at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Palmer on Green street, to attend a tea party given in honor of the sixteenth birthday of their niece, Miss Susie Palmer, of Salamanca, who is spending a few weeks here. The ladies report a pleasant time.

—A number of our young ladies and gentlemen were invited to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Sheridan Gorton on King street, on Thursday evening of last week, to attend a party given in honor of Miss Neva Eaton. A most pleasant evening was passed by all who attended, and the refreshments served were pronounced delicious.

—Every mechanic and laboring man as well as professional and business man should possess a home of his own in a town like this. He should not and there is no necessity for his paying rent any length of time. We hope every reader of this paper will read over the advertisement offering building lots for sale in another column.

—The Cuba band tournament last Tuesday was about as near a fizzle as the law would allow. Only three bands took part in the exercises, and as the Eldred band had only two backwoods bands to compete with, of course, easily carried off the prize. Those who went from this place were pretty thoroughly disgusted with the tournament.

—P. H. Linderman, editor of the Bradford *News*, and D. T. Drew have been bound over to court to answer to the charge of malicious libel. The complainant in the action is Chas. L. Willey, who will seek redress in our courts for a libelous advertisement which appeared in the *News* of last Sunday in regard to him, signed by D. T. Drew.

—The wrestling match at the Parlor Rink, in Bradford, on Thursday evening of last week, between Terry Gleason and John O'Grady, came near resulting in a free fight, which was only prevented by the interference of the police, who escorted the pugnacious Mr. O'Grady to the lock-up, thus putting a stop to any further warlike demonstrations.

—It is said that an Olean company has drilled a well near the noted Sizerville phenomena, which is flowing water containing the same properties in large quantities. But it makes no difference how many magnetic wells are found, unless better accommodations are provided, the best class of people will not spend much time in that "neck of woods."

—The meeting of the Northwestern Association at Oil City on the 25th of August, promises to be the great event in G. A. R. circles in Northwestern Pennsylvania during the year 1887. Every Post in this county ought to be represented. It is understood that the meeting next year will be held in Bradford, and that will certainly be the case if this county is well represented at Oil City.

—There was a proposition before the Borough Councils on Monday evening, asking that Fulton street be declared open from Water street to Marvin creek. The object of the petitioners was to have a passage-way to a foot-bridge which it is proposed to erect across the pond. There was considerable discussion over the petition, a majority of the council opposing the opening of any more streets for the present. The petition was finally laid on the table.

—The Smethport base ball club failed to materialize last Saturday, after sending word they would surely be here, and our boys had made all arrangements to meet them—and beat them too. Did a feeling of timidity overpower them?—*Eldred Eagle.* Off the base again. The Smethport club did not promise to go to Eldred "last Saturday" or in fact any other Saturday; on the other hand the manager of the home nine wrote the Eldred boys to the effect that they could not accept challenges to play on Saturdays.

—Tom Raleey, the well known comedian, will take the part of Judge with Chanfrau in "The Arkansaw Traveler" the coming season. It is said he has reformed and is not drinking a drop now, and as Tom when himself is one of the best comedians in the country he will be a powerful support to Chanfrau. Success to him.

—Country folks have a weather indicator in the spider. Although the morning clouds may be threatening, if he spreads his web out to the breeze it shows that the prospects for a fair day are good. This morning, in the suburban towns, observers noted an unusual number of these filmy structures, and a prophecy of a pleasant day was unhesitatingly made, though the clouds seemed to thicken till 8 or 9 o'clock. But the spiders came out ahead.—*Hartford Times.*

—Last Thursday morning the family of Edwin Drum, consisting of himself, wife, father, and five children, were poisoned, and for two days were seriously ill, but are now recovering. They believe they were poisoned by Rough on Rats, having some in the pantry, and it is presumed the poison was in some manner carried to the meal sack by the rats. Persons using this dangerous article about their premises should exercise the greatest precaution.—*Emporium Press.*

—One of our leading citizens living near the west end of the borough, entered a protest at the meeting of the council on Monday evening last, against men and boys going in swimming in broad day light above the Marvin creek bridge on Marvin street. Any man who has any regard for the proprieties of life would not be guilty of such conduct. There is no reason why that nuisance should not be abated, and the High Constable was directed to arrest any man or boy who was found there with his person exposed during daylight.

—Some time since the walls of the main audience room of the Baptist church were newly frescoed, but the parties who did the work did not use the colors that the contract called for, and as a consequence the committee were not satisfied with the job. Mr. M. K. Hackett had an idea that that he could improve the looks of the side walls, and last week he made the attempt with the most satisfactory results. And no one can fail to notice the great improvement on the work.

—Our old friends Jacquard Jayadeva Jeldachich and Quevedo-Quaglio Quatremere, of Smethport, third cousins of Peanut John, together with their trained bear, were giving exhibitions on our streets Wednesday.—*Eldred Eagle.* It is quite probable that the attention of the above gentlemen had been called to that board of trade article which appeared in the *Eagle* of April 30th, and as they have an eye to business they were undoubtedly in search of some of those natural advantages lying around loose in that borough, with a view of locating.

—That time works many changes was forcibly illustrated Thursday at the services connected with the secularization of St. Stephen's church edifice. The church was dedicated nearly a half a century ago. In the large audience which was gathered at the church yesterday, there was but one person, so far as we are able to learn, who was present at the dedication of the church nearly fifty years ago. This person was Mrs. Norman Rerge, who, though deeply interested in every branch of Christian work, was not a member of that church organization.—*Olean Times.*

—Some months since the ladies of the Baptist society started a subscription quilt, the names of those who gave to be entered thereon. We understand that over thirty-five dollars have been raised through this source, the blocks called in and the names written upon them. The quilt is an interesting study, as well as being both useful and ornamental. We are requested to state, however, that one block is missing, which was carried off by a lower Main street family who left town rather suddenly early in the spring, and of course the names solicited by the person in question are not known to the committee, but if they will give their names to some member of the Baptist church they will be entered upon a block, and thus do justice to all who have contributed toward the quilt.

—Two old battle scarred veterans of King Alcohol's army hove to in front of Peanut John's palatial bazar the other day and purchased two of those mammoth watermelons on draught there. Each [illegible] armed and started off. They had not proceeded far before they began to get thirsty, and being in close proximity to a place where liquid refreshments were dispensed, one of the pair carefully set down his melon on the sidewalk and went inside. While he was slaking his thirst some evil disposed individual "lifted" the melon and made off with it. The veterans soon reappeared on the scene to find that their commissary department had been raided during their brief absence, and the scene that ensued can better be imagined than described. But they withdrew their forces in fine order, thus averting a battle.

Baptist Church.

Subject for next Sunday morning's discourse: "The Great Festival." Evening: "Studies in Matthew, 5:1-16."

The pastor Rev. C. H. Mitchelmore will preach at Colegrove at 3 p. m.

W. R. C. Dance.

The ladies of the W. R. C. propose to hold a dance at the Rink in this place on Tuesday evening next. When we state that the proceeds of this dance above actual expenses will be given towards the liquidation of the debt on the Soldiers' Monument, the Rink ought to be filled to overflowing. We presume refreshments will be furnished, which those can partake of who do not dance, and thereby assist in swelling the fund to be paid over to the Monument Committee. Particulars will be given in small bills, which will be scattered around town and throughout this vicinity on Saturday of this week.

Elegant and Novel.

The midsummer number of *The West Shore* is a beautiful and attractive one. There is a charm of freshness and novelty about this magazine that is lacking in all other publications. Its elegant engravings of Western scenes and picturesque landscapes are not equaled by anything else published, while the mass of information it gives monthly about Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, British Columbia and Alaska is extremely valuable. The midsummer number contains large engravings of the city of Astoria and the mouth of the Columbia, the seaside resorts, the salmon canneries, and others, all of them accompanied by entertaining descriptive articles. The other contents are entertaining and valuable. Published by L. Samuel, Portland, Oregon, at $2.50 per year.

Good Advice for Any Town.

If industries and enterprises come knocking at our gate for admission let us welcome them. If a company of capitalists come here to spend money and to enhance the value of property, let us give them a cordial reception and concede to them some of the rights, at least, to which they are entitled. If they wish to inaugurate a movement that no home company will engage in, let us be thankful and encourage them in every reasonable way. That is the way to boom a town. The way to kill a town is to find fault with and fight every enterprise calculated to benefit the place. When individuals inaugurate some movement here to benefit the town and show their faith by their works, let everybody encourage them and help their projects along. Everyone should feel interested in all movements that promise a benefit to all. A person who will not seek to help himself stands in his own light. If a man proposes to give you a dollar or to make some improvement that will benefit your town or business to it, you ought to be willing to help him along. You ought not to go on the principle of "all buzzard for you and all turkey for me." Do you get it?—*Rome (N. Y.) Sentinel.*

The Wine for Rheumatism and Dropsy.

Dropsical and rheumatic persons find the use of Speer's Port Grape Wine of New Jersey of incalculable benefit. Its purity and valuable properties have given it a wide reputation among physicians throughout this country and Europe. It is excellent for debilitated females, and is used by the best families in New York and Washington as an evening family wine. For sale by all druggists.

COMPSON & ILLINGWORTH's celebrated Globe Baking powder. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. A handsome 7x9 picture card free with every pound. Price only 25 cents a pound. For sale by F. C. Olds, Farmers Valley.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

G. D. Almy, of Ceres, was in town Monday.

H. K. Barton was over from Bixferdon Tuesday.

J. J. Newman, the lumberman, is at the Grand Central.

Rev. J. H. McCandless is spending his vacation in Pittsburgh.

M. O. Campbell was called to Clarendon on business, Tuesday last.

Leon Hogarth and Bert Shurtz drove over from Port Allegany last Sunday.

H. N. Richmond and sister Rena, and Mrs. M. E. Richmond spent Sunday last at Kane.

J. E. Baldwin and W. H. Randall, of Duke Centre, were at the Wright House on Monday.

Mrs. L. M. Robinson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hamlin.

Miss Hattie Taylor of Warsaw, N. Y., is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. J. B. Taylor, in this place.

Miss Mate Sartwell, who has been spending some time at Atlantic City, returned home on Friday last.

Mrs. Fred Ingham (nee Nell Backer) of Canton, Pa., is visiting her friend Miss Ethel Armstrong in this place.

Mr. Harry Kerns, of Curwensville, Pa., is spending a few weeks with his uncle, Frank Kerns, on Water street.

J. P. Hoffman, the photographer, accompanied by his sister, returned on Tuesday last from a week's visit in Buffalo.

Mrs. John R. Chadwick and her daughter Mrs. Freeman Chadwick are visiting friends in Olean and Franklinville.

F. W. Brownell and J. E. Chadwick took in the band tournament at Cuba on Tuesday. They pronounce it a grand (?) affair.

Miss Bessie Sartwell who has been spending a few weeks at her former home in this place returned to Olean on Monday last.

Mr. J. J. Huntley, the gentlemanly representative of Barnes, Hengerer & Co. of Buffalo, is calling on his customers here to-day.

Hugh P. Brawley, the accommodating Deputy Prothonotary, returned on Monday evening from a visit to his old home in Meadville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Kerr and son, Frank, formerly of Alton, but now of Deposit, N. Y., were guests at the Wright House on Wednesday.

J. R. Goodenough, proprietor of the Saegar House, Rew City, accompanied by his wife, were at the Wright House on Wednesday.

Mrs. C. Cornforth, of Clyde, Kansas, and Mrs. L. H. Medbery, of Chicago, are guests of Thos. McDowell.—*Port Allegany Reporter.*

Miss Rebecca Buchanan, of Kendall Creek, who has been visiting Miss Addie Brownell during the past week, returned to her home on Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Sykes, of Lima, N. Y., who is passing a few days with the Misses Bush of this place, preached in the M. E. church last Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Gallup returned on Saturday last from a visit with Mansfield friends. Mrs. Gallup and child have been absent some two months.

A fifteen pound girl baby arrived at the residence of Mase Littibridge, of Port Allegany, on Monday last. The parents are justly proud over the new arrival.

Mrs. George Gerrit and cousin, Miss Jodie Kernan, have gone to Silver Lake, Susquehanna county, to spend a few weeks with their parents in that place.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Hamlin, Mr. and Mrs. John Forrest and children, Mrs. H. N. Redfield and children, and Mrs. Eugenie Hamlin and children returned on Friday last from a several weeks' sojourn at Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Georgia spent part of last week visiting State Line Mills relatives. Mr. Georgia combined business with pleasure by selling two of his machines for fitting circular saws, for which he has lately received a patent.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheridan Gorton departed on Monday last for a weeks' sojourn at Pittsburgh, Mr. Gorton being a representative of the Select Knights A. O. U. W. of this place, to the annual conclave which is being held at Pittsburgh this week.

Will Roberts, of Eldred, who still represents the large Buffalo shoe house of W. H. Walker & Co., called on us on Wednesday. Since he removed his whiskers from his handsome face he ought to have a companion in his travels to introduce him to his old acquaintances.

Mrs. Mary Bogisch informs us that she has received a cablegram from her sister, Miss Amelia Scull, that she will arrive in New York from Europe on Saturday next. Miss Scull has been in Europe nearly a year, and the last few months she has spent in Greece studying Grecian mythology.

Mrs. M. A. Hudson, from Anderson, Ind., is spending a few weeks in this section. She is stopping, at present, at the Wright House. Mrs. Hudson's maiden name was Rhodes, and she was born and grew to womanhood on the old Rhodes farm in the neighborhood of Bunker Hill in Sergeant township.

Charley Bragg, the well-known clarionet player of Bradford, has gone to Cincinnati where he will join a theatrical company. "Fatty" is one of the finest clarionet players in this section and he will be greatly missed by both the Emery band and Black's orchestra, of which excellent musical organizations he was a member. His many Smethport friends wish him abundant success in his new field of labor.

SUMMER goods at and below cost at Young's.

WANAMAKER'S samples just received at M. L. Armstrong's.

NORWICH NOTES.

Miss Minnie Belle Hall, of Buffalo, is visiting friends at Colegrove.

Mrs. Chas. Burdick, of Norwich, is quite ill but reported as getting better.

Arnold McFall, of Eldred, was selling his cures for human ills on Potato creek last week.

N. W. Heinemann has had his saw mill and mill hands photographed by an artist from Buffalo.

Messrs. C. R. Burdick & Son, of Hamlin, have changed the help in their hotel, which is said to be well patronized.

Miss Myrtie Oviatt, of Hamlin, has gone to Olean to be treated by Dr. Bartlett for a disease of the eyes, caused by diphtheria.

Mrs. J. C. McDowell is intending to go to Chautauqua on the 15th inst., where she has engaged a room and will remain for some time.

The Ladies' Aid Society held an ice cream festival in the hall last Thursday evening, which was an enjoyable affair and brought them nearly $20.

The E. A. U. is to have a dance in Bartlett's hall next Friday evening, in which the young people and some of the older ones are anticipating much pleasure.

Mrs. William Altic has gone to Sizerville to partake of the all-healing waters for rheumatism. She will make her son, the Rev. M. D. Altic of Keating Summit, a short visit on her way there.

There is a man here, in the employ of the N. T. Co., who says he would do a dishonorable act "if he thought nobody would see him." Such men need a vigilance committee to watch them.

We are "spending the heated term" among the woods and mountains of old Pennsylvania with the conviction that there is no cooler or more wholesome place in this part of the world in which to spend the melting season.

Carl Sasse and his brother-in-law, of Smethport, have completed the painting and decorating of the residence formerly owned by Paul Wendell, of Olean, but soon to be occupied by N.W. Heinemann and a better finished job of work, of the kind, would be hard to find.

D. W. H.

Norwich, Aug. 2.

THE farmers, in their swamps, we're sure,
Could find the roots and plants that cure;
If by their knowledge they only knew
For just the diseases each one grew.
Take courage now and "Swamp Root" try—
(for kidney, liver and bladder complaints)
As on that remedy you can rely.

TARPORT SPECIALS.

We are glad to report Mrs. Fred Bickford is on her way to a final recovery from her late sickness.

Mrs. E. Leisure came up from Watsontown, Pa., on Saturday, spent Sunday with her friends, and returned on Monday morning.

L. W. Grinnell received a telegram on Thursday last calling him to the bedside of his wife, who is visiting at Forestville, N. Y., and was reported as being taking down very sick shortly after her arrival there.

Tarport people are alive and awake as to what is going on in the outside world. We are not having what one would term a boom in business. Still our merchants are kept busy delivering goods of all kinds among their patrons.

We are not well enough posted as yet to give the full particulars as to the exact location of the new refining company. But we can safely say that a large refinery will be under course of construction within a short time.

O. F. Spencer, our old-established confectioner and fruit and vegetable dealer, brings to this market the first fruits of the season. His ice cream is always the best, as you will hear admitted by all classes. He has a new patent which he applies to the watermelons which draws the cramps out of them entirely. Even the heathen Chinee is on, and can detect Spencer's fruit from any other.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church hold their dime socials in the church on Tuesday afternoon and evening every two weeks. The supper served on Tuesday night by the fourth division was well patronized by our business men and townspeople generally. They got a great spread for the small amount of ten cents. These socials and suppers are resulting in great good.

The Presbyterians of this place have been without a regular pastor for some time. They have been most fortunate in securing Rev. Dr. Mead, Ludlowville, N. Y., as their pastor, who delivered his first sermon on Sunday, which proved to be most interesting, and we feel safe in stating that the first impression of the Reverend gentleman is most favorable, and we have no hesitancy in saying that he will soon draw large numbers to his church and thus build up and establish a congregation of intelligent people.

Our borough can boast of a large number of secret orders. The A. O. U. W. hall is occupied each night in the week. On Wednesday night the Maccabees meet, and let us say one word concerning the order and that is Kendall Tent, No. 5, K. O. T. M., is the most prosperous in every way of all the secret societies. During their last three meeting nights they have initiated sixteen new members, who are taken from among our most highly respected citizens. Brother Frank Olmsted is entitled to great credit for accomplishing the work. And we are also pleased to note how the worthy brother has lately received the appointment of Deputy State Commander of Pennsylvania, and is now engaged in the work of instituting lodges and installing officers outside, and is meeting with splendid success.

While writing my letter we will say that during the past week we have been interrogated a number of times by our citizens regardless of politics, how we stood in relation to the Sheriff's office. While we realized the fact that our feet are utterly too large to think of stepping into the present incumbent's shoes, whose feet are so modestly small as to attract the attention and admiration of all—especially the fair sex—that our universal answer has been to all inquirers, "Why, we don't know of a better man to fill that office than the worthy deputy, Mr. Will Clark," and before we could say more we were stopped by, "That will do. You have named the right man. Billy Clark will be our next Sheriff; we don't care who runs against him." Then of course I could say nothing more on the subject. So, Mr. Editor, you may note it down how our respected Deputy Sheriff stands among the voters of Kendall borough. They know the gentleman to honor him with the office of Sheriff, which has been so well conducted by our honored citizen and present incumbent, A. F. Bannon.

SALTS.

Tarport, Aug. 2.

NEW invoice of goods just received, at D. C. Young's.

TRUNKS and valises as cheap as can be got anywhere, at Gleason & Lemmler's. A complete stock to select from.

COMPSON & ILLINGWORTH's celebrated Globe Baking Powder. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. A handsome 7x9 picture card free. Price only 25 cents a pound. For sale by G. W. Williams, Smethport, Pa.

FOR lumber, lath, shingles, flooring &c. go to F. E. BROOKS, Smethport, Pa. 4-tf.

ITEMS FROM KANE.

J. T. Griffith returned on Friday from Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Hugh Jones, of Zanesville, Ohio, is visiting Mrs. J. T. Griffith.

Miss Anna Jones, of Ebensburg, Pa., is visiting her sister Mrs. H. J. James.

Miss Lou Kinkead, Linda Jones and Ray Jones returned on Friday from a visit to Cambria county.

The new addition which John Flemming is putting on his hotel is up and enclosed. It will soon be ready for use.

The idea seems to prevail that Kane is a desirable place to visit during the hot season, and as a consequence our town is full of people.

Dr. Abner Griffith, of Ebensburg, is in town to stay a week or two visiting friends. The doctor looks to be in very much better health than when he last visited us.

W. B. Smith's new hardware store is progressing finely. He seems to be impressed with the idea that it is better to finish as you go, and as a consequence his building will be one of our best when it is finished.

The game of ball between the Bradford Browns and the Kane club, which was stopped by the rain on Thursday, was played on Friday and resulted in favor of Kane. The game is reported as having been very interesting.

"First we're up and then we're down" has been exemplified here in our bustling village. Our Mr. Smith of the Rochester Manufacturing Co. has left us. He folded his tent like the Arab and silently drifted away. Last week we felt sincere pity for the neighboring town of Ridgway which treated the generous and open-handed Smith with such almost criminal blindness to their own interests. This week we hold out, in spirit, our sadder but wiser hand to congratulate them on their escape from our present sad condition. The amount by which he benefitted (?) our people is not exactly known, as some of the suburbs are yet to be heard from. Some of our citizens refer to our saying last week that we should congratulate ourselves on the addition to our town, as a mistake. This we frankly admit in the sense that was then intended; but now we repeat it, for he is a splendid object lesson for experience to use in her school.

Kane, Aug. 2.

CALL and examine Young's bargain counter.

FOR lime, hair, plaster, cement, etc., go to F. E. BROOKS, Smethport.

For Thirty Dollars

You can secure a hand-made double harness at Gleason & Lemmler's. For a little more money you can get a better one. Don't fail to call and see stock.

Smethport Tannery Question.

In order to make room for all the tanneries that will build in Smethport this season, I will sell watches, clocks and jewelry at your own prices, and silverware thrown in as *chromos*. Spring styles just received. The finest assortment of jewelry in Northern Pennsylvania. Two hundred watches to select from. One hundred clocks $1.00 to $40.00. Also bicycles, tricycles, baby carriages, &c., &c. Call and see us.

M. L. ARMSTRONG.

Rooms to Rent.

Two large rooms in the basement of the Wendel building in Smethport, under the Taylor & Parker store. For terms inquire of G. M. SMITH, J. P.

Canary Birds.

Four handsome Canary birds, beautiful singers and all of rare breed, for sale at only $1.50 each. Inquire at this office.

The Dark Ages

Are certainly over when one considers how cheap windows are selling. Inquire at the Smethport Sash Factory.

Blooded Cattle.

Dominion Short Horns and Jersey Cattle bred and for sale. Stock will recommend itself. DR. W. L. CHRISMAN, Eldred, Pa. vol24no20tf.

A Hand-Made Single Harness for $8

And up, at Gleason & Lemmler's. Call early and secure a bargain.

MARRIED.

VARNER—REED.—At the parsonage of the M. E. church Aug. 3d, by Rev. W. Bradley, Mr. Samuel D. Varner and Miss Eva Reed, all of Smethport.

SMETHPORT, Aug. 5, 1887.

The summer season, for millinery, will not last much longer, and as we will not carry goods of that class over to another season, we will sell all Millinery Goods at prices absolutely regardless of what they cost. For instance, our $1.50 hat for $1.00; $1.00 hat at 60 cents; 75 cent hat at 40 cents; all of our 40 and 50 cents sun hats reduced to 25 cents; childrens' 20 cent hat down to 10 cents. We have a large variety of lace caps and bonnets for infants and children—all new and made to order—which we will let go at almost any figure.

The Shoes are going, and are giving good satisfaction. We are actually losing money on our stock of shoes, but we have resolved to let them go, and go they must, regardless of what they cost. No better bargains were ever offered over a counter.

We have just received a new invoice of ladies' and misses rubber gossamers, and childrens' Mother Hubbard rubber gossamers, in prices to suit all classes. We add to our stock this week a late, stylish and exceedingly fine line of sandles and rubbers, for ladies, misses and children. The very latest styles. Call and see them.

We will give great bargains in remnants of fine Dress Goods. In fact we are selling all kinds of goods at almost cost, as our daily increasing trade sufficiently attests.

Call and see the new "Kabo" Corset. It is one of the very latest corsets introduced to the trade. We have them on sale. With each "Kabo" Corset there is a warranty—which we endorse—that if it breaks or rolls up with one years' wear, the money paid for it will be refunded.

Please remember that we keep a full line of the latest style corsets, including the celebrated Ball Corset.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

E. B. McCOY

Druggist & Pharmacist

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

J. W. PIKE,

TONSORIAL ✦ ARTIST!

Special attention given to cutting Ladies' Bangs in all the leading styles. Ladies can feel perfectly safe in calling at my shop, as the strictest order is maintained.

Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cures for sale.

Shop one door east of Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa. vol23no35.

Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. No injurious drugs. No offensive odor. Applied into each nostril is quickly absorbed. A Quick Relief. A Positive Cure.

50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. Send for Circular and Testimonials.

Ely Brothers, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Desirable Hotel Property FOR SALE.

THE long established and favorably known Bergstresser House, corner of Franklin and Main streets, Smethport, Pa., is offered for sale on terms which will be made satisfactory to the purchaser. It is a roomy three-story structure, fitted up with all modern improvements and conveniences and is a business opportunity which is not often met with. Anyone desiring to engage in the business of hotel keeping, will consult his interest by addressing the proprietress,

MRS. M. E. BERGSTRESSER.

Smethport, Pa., April 1st 1886. tf

Salesmen Wanted.

WE are in want of a few more good men to canvass for the sale of choice Nursery Stock. To men who can make a success we can pay good salaries or commission and give permanent employment. We have many new and choice specialties both in the fruit and ornamental lines which others do not handle. Address at once with reference

HAY BROS., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

No23t6

Borough Lots For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL ALL HIS

Desirable Building Lots

on the most favorable terms. Any man who is paying rent can hereafter

OWN HIS HOME

and the money he pays out in rent can be devoted towards improving his own property. I will require only

Twenty-Five Per Cent. of the Purchase Money

to be paid down. The balance can be paid in annual payments of three or more years to suit the purchaser. The corner lots

Fronting on Main Street

in squares 85, 86 and 87 will be sold for $350 each. The inside lots FRONTING ON MAIN STREET will be sold for $300. The corner lots

On Water Street

in the same squares will be sold for $250. The inside lots fronting on the same street, for $200. The lots facing Water street in outlots 17 and 18 will be sold for $200 each. There are

Eleven of These Lots Not Yet Sold

lying west of Nelson street. I offer

Ten Lots on Nelson Street For $175.00 Each.

These lots run from Marvin Creek to Water street. I offer

Eight Corner Lots on King Street!

in squares 45, 46, 47 and 48 at $250 each, and

Eight Inside Lots

in the same square at $200 each. These lots are all 66 feet wide and 132 feet in length. The

Water Main

lies front of the Main street squares and only one square from the King and Water street lots. There are no properties in Smethport any better located for FIRE PROTECTION. Complete and perfect title is guaranteed. The subscriber also has a few lots on what is known as the McDonald property at the lower end of Main street which he will sell at low prices. Those who come first will have the first pick, and no such opportunity will ever again be presented to secure lots at such low rates.

L. ROGERS.

Smethport, Aug. 2d, 1887.

JULY VALUES!

You can never receive

BETTER VALUES FOR YOUR MONEY

than now.

THIS WEEK WE OFFER

500 patterns of Embroideries, Hamburg and Mull, ⅓ off.

Hundreds of patterns of Lace ½ actual value.

We have a few Parasols and Robe Patterns left—very low.

Be sure and come early, and you will not be disappointed.

—A beautiful new line of—

Childrens' French Kid, Hand-Turned, SPRING HEEL SHOES!

Simply elegant. If you want shoes they will suit you.

☞ Our Ladies' French Kid Hand-Turned Shoes—perfect fit—$3.50, $5.00 elsewhere.

Our Gents' "Special Two Dollar" Shoe Cannot be Beat!

On Fruit Jars we are Headquarters. Get our Prices first.

Stickney & Company,

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

East Smethport, Penn'a.

A MEDICAL VICTORY! Cures Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Torpid Liver. It dissolves Gall-Stone and Gravel.

SYMPTOMS and CONDITIONS of Urine for which this Remedy should be taken.

Scalding, Stoppage, Blood-tinged, Diabetic, Albumen, Brick-dust, Dropsical, Dribbling, Milky-pink, Headache, Frequent, Costiveness, Bone-ache, Nervous, Reddish-dark, Uric-acid, Scrofula, Catarrhache, Backache, Nerve-ache, Phosphates, Bad-taste, Foul-Breath, Gall-color.

IT IS A SPECIFIC. Every dose goes to the spot.

Relieves and Cures internal Slime-fever, Canker, Dyspepsia, Anæmia, Malaria, Fever and Ague, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Enlargement of the Prostate Gland, Sexual Weakness, Spermatorrhœa and Gout. It Eliminates Blood Impurities, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt-Rheum, Syphilis, Pimples, Blotches, Fever-sores, and Cancer-taints. It is a most Wonderful Appetizer. Builds up Quickly a Run-down Constitution. ☞ Tell your neighbors all about it.

PRICE 25c, $1.00—6 bottles $5.00.

☞ Prepared at Dr. Kilmer's Dispensary, Binghamton, N. Y., U. S. A.

Invalids' Guide to Health (Sent Free). All advice of inquiry promptly answered. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

MONEY to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in this world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex; all ages. Something new, that just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. [illegible] outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., [illegible] Maine.

Paragon Desk!

A. H. ANDREWS & CO.

DEALERS IN

SCHOOL FURNITURE

School Directors, it is to your interest and the interest of the public to examine this Furniture before buying elsewhere. Call on or address,

C. A. Burdick, Agent,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Office: Hamlin Bank Building. 16tf

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

A QUESTION ABOUT Brown's Iron Bitters ANSWERED.

[illegible] **BROWN'S IRON BITTERS** [illegible] **BROWN'S IRON BITTERS** [illegible] Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Tired Feeling, General Debility, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Headache and Neuralgia—for all these ailments Iron is prescribed daily. **BROWN'S IRON BITTERS**, however, does not cure in a minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by men the first symptom of benefit is renewed energy. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten; the skin clears up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and if a nursing mother, abundant sustenance is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron Bitters is the **ONLY** iron medicine that is not injurious. *Physicians and Druggists recommend it.*

The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. TAKE NO OTHER.

DR. SINE'S SYRUP CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY STYLE AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets; Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 23, 1885.

The Farquhar Fertilizer Grain Drill.

Warranted the most perfect Force-Feed Fertilizer Drill in existence. Send for circular. **A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.**

M. A. SPRAGUE'S HARDWARE STORE,

Opposite the Grand Central,

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods

[illegible]

Cutlery, Lamps, Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The closest buyers and best judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the County.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

JAMES McNULTY, Merchant Tailor!

East Main Street,

Smethport, Pa.

A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for 34 and 35 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 16, 1886. tf

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail.

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked.

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

☞CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.☜

Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st.

J. F. ROONEY.

WAGON, Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

YOU can live at home, and make more money at work for us, than at anything else in this world. Capital not needed; you are started free. Both sexes; all ages. Any one can do the work. Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. Jan1t81

◆BUCKTAIL ESTATE◆

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate in McKean County. His office is in

THE BACKUS BUILDING, SMETHPORT

ROBT. C. [illegible],
Agent of the Trustees.

[illegible], Pa., Dec. 26, 1876. tf.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

BATHING AND WALKING SHOES DESIGNED FOR THE SEASHORE.

Imported Muslin Dresses for Midsummer Wear That Revive Flounces and Tucks. A Picturesque Bonnet and Dress for Little Girls.

The present styles in dress for little people are both picturesque and becoming, in pleasing instance of which are the models shown in our cut of a Normandy cap and a blouse frock for small girls.

NORMANDY CAP—BLOUSE FROCK.

The pretty bonnet or cap may be made of white or colored cambric. The closer the pleats are laid in front, the better they stand. The back edge of the cap is trimmed with a small frill of the stuff, and the front one with a cambric box pleated ruche set on to a strip of the same.

The blouse frock is made with a yoke embroidered with rows of coral stitch in colored cotton, the above being also embroidered to match, leaving a puff at the shoulder and wrist, the latter finished with a round band. The above models and descriptions are furnished by The Season.

French Muslin Dresses.

A recent importation of French dresses for midsummer wear is thus described by Harper's Bazar: These dresses are made up of muslins of various kinds, figured lawns, striped percales of the softest finish, and batistes with quaint Japanese designs upon them, like hieroglyphics in the bright, new scarlet called cactus on ecru grounds, or as the gray ash Japan blue on white.

Flounces are revived for these pretty gowns, and tucks without number, the only trimmings not of the material being slight insertions of embroidery, some scallops wrought in buttonhole stitch on the dress goods, and ribbons of various kinds, the richest uncut velvet ribbon appearing in loops and bows, with great sashes of heavy brocades and of moire.

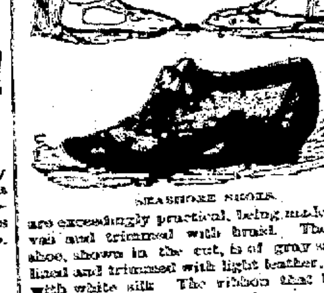
The revived flounces are wide, and in groups of three, gathered across the back breadths, covering the skirt from belt to foot in place of drapery, or else they are on one side, usually the left, forming a panel next the long side of an apron, or there may be three flounces up each side of the skirt, with an apron between that is pointed in the middle.

The tucks of these new gowns are only the fourth of an inch wide, and are lengthwise in the sides of the skirt from the belt down to within eight or ten inches of the foot, where they stop, and the material below forms a flounce, which is also tucked across. The flounces across the back of the skirt have each twelve to twenty of these quarter inch tucks. There are also many tucks of these narrow widths, with the thread which tucks them drawn to gather the tuck. These form a yoke on the belted waist, and a pointed yoke like space on the front of the skirt just below the belt, also diagonal bands or pocket like pieces, on the sides of the skirt. The back breadths of skirts that are not flounced have pleats thickly folded down the middle and are taken up the belt on each side in jabot folds.

Other lawn dresses have kilt pleated skirts with a wide hem and inch wide tucks, while the back is draped in barnouse folds at the top precisely as wool dresses are. The foundation skirts of colored lawn dresses made by French modistes are of white cambric, on which a pink cambric flounce is set both inside and outside as a balayeuse. Thicker percale foundation skirts, on which are one or two ruffles of the plain percale merely pinked on the edges. A hair cushion for a bustle is covered with the percale of the dress and there are steels across the foundation skirt.

Shoes for the Seashore.

In the accompanying cuts appear illustrations of two convenient styles of bathing shoes, the remaining figure being that of a walking shoe for the seaside. The first named



SEASHORE SHOES.

are exceedingly practical, being made of canvas and trimmed with braid. The useful shoe, shown in the cut, is of gray sailcloth, lined and trimmed with light leather, stitched with white silk. The ribbon that laces up the front of the shoe is of the same color as in the leather.

Fashion Notes.

Transparent dress materials are made up over linings of tinted surah silk.

Tinsel is again used as a material for hats and bonnets.

Silk warp cashmere and moire of a shimmering gray tint forms a beautiful afternoon costume.

When a lady wants a serviceable black silk dress that will not soon go out of fashion she is advised to select either faille Francaise or Bengaline silk for the material.

The prettiest hats for girls from 12 to 14 years of age have low crowns and broad brims, and can be bent into almost any desired shape. Ostrich feathers are the favorite trimming, and a tuft of them is sometimes used resting on a velvet band inside the brim.

The fine handkerchiefs, which seemed so utterly useless when they first appeared, are used as a material for some exquisite caps, and also as a garniture for headgear for outdoor wear.

Black and white is more than ever a favorite combination. Special novelties of this sort show two different kinds of stuffs, one black, the other white, in the same toilet.

An Adjustable Lens.

A celebrated optician said that if he had a journeyman in his shop who could not construct a more delicate instrument than the human eye he would discharge him. The eye would certainly not compare with the telescope or microscope for power, but it is admirably adapted to its purposes. It is capable of what neither the other two are capable of —that is, almost instantaneous adjustment of focus, and that without the observer being conscious of it. This is done by means of the crystalline lens. It is a jelly like substance, placed behind the iris, its upper and lower edge resting between muscles, so that the lens may be compressed to take a more convex, or a flatter shape. In viewing distant objects it must be flat; near objects, more convex.

Great Railroad Lines.

The greatest length of line of any railroad company in the world is owned by the Union Pacific railroad company. It is 5,027 miles long. The main line from Council Bluffs, Ia., to Ogden, Utah, with branches, is 1,822 miles in length. The largest main line in the world is the Canadian Pacific, from Quebec to Fort Moody, a distance of 3,025 miles. Its branches give it a total length of 3,993 miles. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad has a line owned and leased, of 4,804 miles; the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, 3,549 miles; the Chicago and Northwestern, 3,752 miles; the Northern Pacific has a main line of 1,674 miles from Superior, Wis., to Wallula Junction, W. T.

Dimensions of the Earth.

The following are some of the earth's measurements:

	Statute miles.
Diameter at the poles	7,898.[illegible]
Diameter, mean	7,912.[illegible]
Diameter at the equator	7,925.[illegible]
Difference of diameter at poles and equator	26.[illegible]
Thickness at each pole	13.[illegible]
Circumference round the poles	[illegible]
Circumference, mean	[illegible]
Circumference round the equator	[illegible]

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The Washington friends of both Mr. Blaine and Senator Sherman were greatly surprised at the published statement that the latter would be willing to take second place on the ticket with the former; but, it is useless to deny that the following of the Maine Statesman view the report with gratification, however much they may doubt its correctness. On the other hand, the characteristically courageous course of the Ohio Senator in submitting his Presidential prospect to the decision of the Republican party in State convention assembled at Toledo, is generally commended as wise, proper, and patriotic. But if the Republican national ticket should by happy chance be Blaine and Sherman, the party might go farther and fare worse, for it is extremely doubtful whether a stronger combination could be presented, as it is well known that the Democrats stand in almost mortal dread of these two great statesmen, who are probably the most eminent of living Republican leaders.

President and Mrs. Cleveland have returned after pleasantly spending their summer holidays in traveling on special complimentary cars and steamers among the picturesque scenery of northern New York. I do not mention this to condemn the President for accepting such courtesies at the hands of corporations, as did Democratic newspapers, when Presidents Grant, Hayes, and Arthur, were the recipients of similar favors, but merely to express my personal good wishes for the Presidential party on that occasion.

The count of the cash and securities of the Treasury which began May 2nd, is progressing satisfactorily, and it is likely to be completed by the close of this week, as only the gold coin remains to be counted at present; the grand total of funds on hand foots up $95,500,000.

The accounts of the disbursing officers of the Treasury Department are being carefully examined also, and the result will be announced in a few days. So far as can be learned, only an apparent shortage of $20, has been found, but this will perhaps balance before the search is finished.

Recently there is a sort of mania of resignation among the clerks of the various departments especially in the Treasury and this sudden yearning for the quiet of private life is attributed to a dread of the new Civil Service rules. It is held by the Democrats that these rules are so framed and the questions arranged so as to prevent partiality in the examinations for promotion, but I have good reasons to believe that the true design is really to discriminate against Republicans and in favor of the Democrats because the questions asked are few and simple and nearly every clerk passes without difficulty, yet it is still left for the Chief, not of the office or division, it is true, but of the Examining Board, to decide who shall be dismissed or promoted, and as these Chiefs are generally of the dominant party, the result in most cases can easily be forecasted.

There is much whispered gossip about the "resignation" of the Chief Clerk of the Patent Office, and many think it grew out of the Baron defalcation. And it is my opinion that they are right and that the same affair will cause the dismissal of other prominent officials.

Under the clever manipulation of Gen. Black, the Pension Office can hardly be considered a model institution as viewed from a Civil Service standpoint, for it appears that only Democrats can stand the test of examination, as not one Republican candidate has been given a position no matter how excellent an examination he passed, or how he ranked on the list. This is the way Civil Service is worked in this bureau, and an investigation should be ordered as soon as practicable.

In overhauling the White House it has been discovered that the old mansion contains decayed timbers, and a feeling of uneasiness has been excited lest the interior of the building should crush down some day and endanger the lives of the President's family and visitors. Workmen are now busy replacing the ceiling, but still much apprehension is felt that the hand of time has so weakened the supports of the building that it is hardly considered a safe place of residence or a proper place for the frequent assembling of hundreds of people.

After an absence of seven years in Mexico, where he has been mining on a large scale and laying the foundation of a magnificent fortune for himself and others, Alex. R. Shepherd, Ex Governor of the District of Columbia, gratifies his hosts of friends in the beautiful city which he did more than any other to create and adorn, by returning to enjoy a brief rest and recover his shattered health amid the familiar scenes of his trials and triumphs, where his name and fame will always be bright. Only the illness of Mr. Shepherd prevented him from receiving a grand popular ovation in this city.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, Oh, it will wear away, but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50 cents and $1. Trial size free. E. B. McCoy, druggist.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ringbone, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport, Pa. vol23no30-1y

A Great Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that each druggist is authorized to refund your money by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy if it fails to cure you. E. B. McCoy has secured the agency for it. Price 50c and $1. Trial size free. eo6ly

Blood! Blood!!

Don't fail to use Dennis' Great Blood purifier for any physical disability or ill health. It will keep you in health or restore it if lost. For sale at McCoy's drug store and other places of trade in this county, either in dry compound at 50 cents a package or in liquid form at $1.00 per bottle. Free from aloes. G. T. Dennis, Proprietor and Manufacturer, Eldred, Pa.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

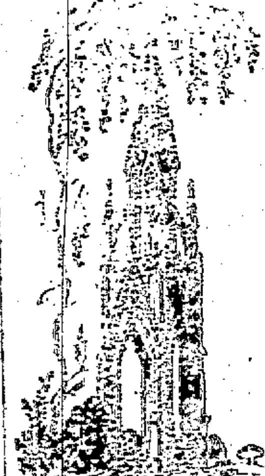
Drafts on Any Bank in Europe,

and tickets to and from any place in the old world sold at the lowest possible rates by J. G. Seaburgh, Clermont, Pa., Agent for C. B. Richard & Co., Bankers, 61 Broadway, N. Y. no26tf.

The Population of Smethport

Is about 1500, and we would say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the throat and lungs, as those complaints are, according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on us and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs. Price 50c and $1. Respectfully, E. B. McCoy, druggist, Smethport, Pa. eo6ly

Itch and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport, Pa. vol23no30-1y



Silver Mountain Granite, MARBLE! —AND— Stone Works!

Smethport, Pa.

WM. H. MARTIN, Sole Proprietor.
JOHN SHENKEL, Manager.

TO THE PUBLIC

Having recently purchased the "SILVER MOUNTAIN GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS," formerly owned by John Digel, I will continue the business, and in addition to the famous "Silver Mountain Granite," which has withstood the elements for a century without moss, any crumbling or defacing, and which has proven itself the most desirable stone for monumental purposes, I will add to his usual stock—

Scotch Granite, Grey Granite, Pebbled Granite,

AND THE NOW FAMOUS

RED GRANITE!

From the quarries on the coast of Maine.

I will do all manner of Marble Work that parties may desire, either in American, Italian or Antique Marbles.

To all parties ordering at the shop, I will give ten per cent. discount from list price.

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THE ... NOT AN ARGUMENT ... ABOUT ... ABOUT ...
FOR
COMFORT. DURABILITY & STYLE
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I ALSO HAVE

The Finest Shoe for the Ladies at $2

To be found in the county.

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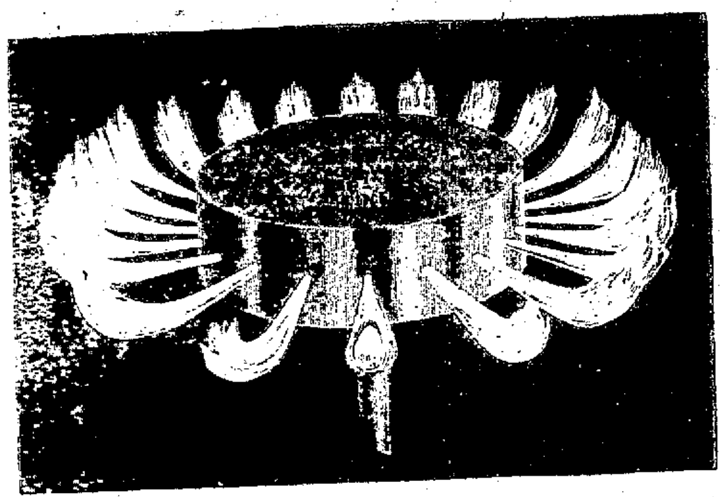
A. B. ROWLEY,

Eldred, Pennsylvania.

KLINE'S PATENT GAS BURNER



Saves Stoves, Gives More Heat, Does Away With Lampblack

—AND—

Heats the Lower Part of the Room!

KLINE GAS BURNER CO.,

Ridgway, Pa.

no26tf.

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COMPOUND OXYGEN NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

A WELL-TRIED TREATMENT

For CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, CATARRH, HAY FEVER, HEADACHE, DEBILITY, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA and all Chronic and Nervous Disorders.

"THE COMPOUND OXYGEN TREATMENT," Drs. Starkey & Palen, No. 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, have been using for the last seventeen years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. STARKEY & PALEN have the liberty to refer to the following-named well-known persons who have tried their Treatment:

HON. WM. D. KELLEY, Member of Congress, Philadelphia.
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W. H. WORTHINGTON, Editor New South, Birmingham, Ala.
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HON. W. W. SCHUYLER, Easton, Pa.
EDWARD L. WILSON, 833 Broadway, N. Y., Ed. Philadelphia Photographer.
FIDELIA M. LYON, Waimea, Hawaii, Sandwich Islands.
ALEXANDER RITCHIE, Inverness, Scotland.
MRS. MANUEL V. ORTEGA, Fresnillo, Zacatecas, Mexico.
MRS. EMMA COOPER, Utilla, Spanish Honduras, Central America.
J. COBB, U. S. Vice-Consul, Casablanca, Morocco.
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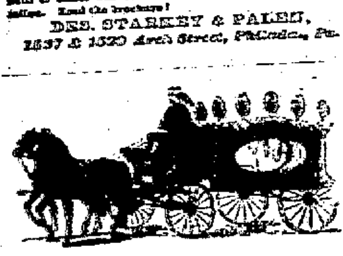
JACOB WARD, Bowral, New South Wales.

And thousands of others in every part of the United States.

"COMPOUND OXYGEN—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Also "COMPOUND OXYGEN—Its Origin and Development," an interesting book of one hundred pages. Both or either will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,

1529 & 1530 Arch Street, Philada., Pa.



Specht & Susse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

Mme. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE PATTERNS

Are the only ones that will give a perfect fitting garment.

MME. DEMOREST'S System of Dress Cutting.

Chart and Book of full directions, enabling any one to Cut and Fit perfectly.

PRICE, $3.00. Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price.

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Is a large Magazine of 50 pages of Fashion Notes and Styles, illustrated with about 1,000 Cuts. Sent, post-paid, for 25 cents.

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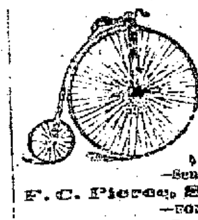

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—Send to—

F. C. Pierce, Smethport, Pa.

—FOR A—

BEAUTIFUL CATALOGUE

of the most popular and reasonable priced wheels.

Rudge's and American Cycles: New and second hand.

April 15, 1887.-m3.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

AN EVENT OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE TO ASTRONOMERS.

A New Alloy That Resists the Attacks of Most Acids—An Interesting Experiment—A Rejoicing Over Matches That Refuse to Burn.

When the eye is placed in an unusual position it loses its power of judging of size or distances. A very pretty experiment to show this, recently illustrated in La Nature and reproduced here, is as follows:

A VERY PRETTY EXPERIMENT.

Take a board or end of a box and drive into it a nail or screw about three inches and a quarter in length. Attach to its end, by means of sealing wax, a quarter of a dollar, the "head" side facing outward. At the side of it attach to the board a half dollar with the same side in sight. Then, by looking at the two coins with one eye through a small hole about one twenty-fifth of an inch in diameter in a sheet of cardboard, both coins will appear to be of the same size, and by slowly moving the cardboard toward the coins the quarter dollar piece may even appear the larger. The distance between the coins and the eye varies with different persons from six to ten inches, but the proper distance can easily be found by experiment.

A similar illusion occurs when one views the moon through a telescope. The magnified disk appears to be much smaller than when seen by the naked eye, though the reverse is really the case. In such cases seeing is not believing, and the proverb is only true when our eyes do their "seeing" under the familiar and accustomed conditions.

Folk Lore and Dialect.

A Virginia correspondent, in Science, calls attention to the fact that in this country, where dialects were supposed to be nonexistent, or to have been obliterated by the leveling influence of the common school, these are found, on closer inspection, to abound. In substantiation of this statement are cited the Creole patois of Louisiana; the Hoosier dialect of the middle states; the Cracker dialect of Georgia, East Tennessee and North Carolina; Pennsylvania Dutch, and New Englandisms and negro English. He says: Negro usage abounds with linguistic curiosities, obsolescent idioms, twists and turns descended from the Elizabethan or Jacobean settlers, and along with these goes a world of quaint superstitions, proverbs, charms, "saws and sayings," that reveal a peculiarly naive and old world turn of mind and imagination. The Society for Psychical Research ought certainly to investigate this terre vierge, rich with the stratified folk lore of ages, enameled with flowers of African parentage, replete with scraps of custom and myth which might throw light on the prehistoric period in the life of nations.

A New Alloy.

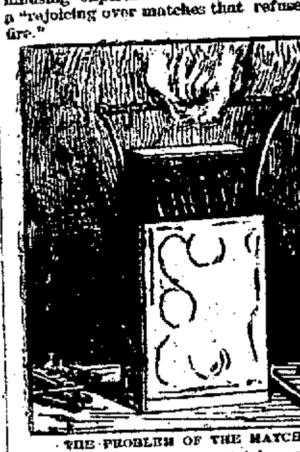
A new alloy has been discovered by Herr Reith, of Bockenheim, which is said to practically resist the attack of most acids and alkaline solutions. Its composition, says The Scientific American, is as follows: Copper, 15 parts; tin, 2.34 parts; lead, 1.82 parts; antimony, 1 part. This alloy is, therefore, a bronze with the addition of lead and antimony. The inventor claims that it can be very advantageously used in the laboratory to replace vessels or fittings of ebonite, vulcanite or porcelain.

The Eclipse of the Sun.

The total eclipse of the sun which occurs on Aug. 19 is of unusual importance, inasmuch as it is visible in civilized countries within easy reach of telegraphs and railroads. From eastern Europe into Siberia a line of observers will be stationed, and it is not unreasonable to expect that much valuable information will be gained. The recent advances in astronomical photography will add very much to the facilities of the observers.

Matches That Refuse to Burn.

A contributor to The Scientific American furnished the following description of an amusing experiment which he designates as a "rejoicing over matches that refuse to take fire."



THE PROBLEM OF THE MATCHES.

Four chemical safety matches are taken from a box and two of them are inserted in the space between the box and the partially open slide, while the third is placed between the other two, as shown in the figure. This latter match must be held very firmly between the other two, which are bent back from their initial position for this purpose. The horizontal match is then set on fire in the middle by means of the fourth one. The spectators have been previously asked, Which is the first match whose head will take fire? Is it the one to the right or the one to the left?

Answer: Neither. As soon as the match is carbonized the two lateral ones will spring back and throw it out with considerable force, so that it will be extinguished. Our figure so well shows how things are arranged for the experiment that it is useless to enter into further detail.

To Silver Ribbons.

Make a solution of nitrate of silver, and add a little gum to it, so that the liquid will not run. Then, with a camel's hair pencil or a new pen, draw any sort of ornamental figure on the silk. After the drawing is dry, hold the ribbon over a vessel containing water, zinc and a little sulphuric acid. In a short time the silver will be reduced and adhere quite strongly to the fabric.

Arabesques, wreaths, etc., executed in this manner have a very pretty appearance, according to Chronique Industrielle.

Nothing But War.

Bismarck thinks of nothing but war. At a railway station in Saxony, stopping to change trains, he addressed a porter by whose side stood a little boy: "Is that your son?" "Yes, your excellency." "Have you any more?" "Four, your excellency." "That is well. They will make good soldiers. God bless them!"—Chicago Herald.

BROWNELL BROS

HAVE AN IMMENSE

SPRING STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

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BOOTS AND SHOES,

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January 1, 1886.

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Science-engraving from Daguerre.

GIVES Good Appetite, New Strength, Quiet Nerves, Happy Days, Sweet Sleep.

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that the most delicate stomach will bear.

A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA RHEUMATISM,

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and all Germ Diseases.

THE MOST SCIENTIFIC AND SUCCESSFUL BLOOD PURIFIER. Superior to quinine.

Mr. F. A. Miller, 539 East 136th street, New York, was cured by Kaskine of extreme malarial prostration after seven years suffering. He had run down from 175 pounds to 97, began on Kaskine in June, 1886, went to work in one month, regained his full weight in six months. Quinine did him no good whatever.

Mr. Gideon Thompson, the oldest and one of the most respected citizens of Bridgeport, Conn., says: "I am ninety years of age, and for the last three years have suffered from malaria and the effects of quinine poisoning. I recently began with Kaskine which broke up the malaria and increased my weight 22 pounds."

Mrs. T. A. Solomons, of 159 Halliday st., Jersey City, writes: "My son Harry, eleven years, was cured of Malaria by Kaskine, after fifteen months' illness, when we had given up all hope."

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

KASKINE CO., 54 Warren st., New York.

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Surfaced Hemlock, Mouldings, Flooring, Siding!

Window and Door Frames Brackets, Etc.

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Team work of every description done promptly.

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Smethport, Pa., July 2, 1885.

SWAYNES

THROAT & LUNG TROUBLES CONQUERED BY SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY

SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE THE CHILDREN'S MEDICINE

TO KEEP HEALTHY 1. EXERCISE DAILY 2. EAT GOOD FOOD 3. BE CHEERFUL 4. USE SWAYNE'S PILLS

SWAYNE'S PANACEA PURIFIES SYPHILITIC BLOOD.

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THE GREAT CURE FOR **ITCHING PILES**

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SYMPTOMS. Moisture, intense itching and stinging, most at night—worse by scratching—very distressing. If allowed to continue tumors form which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. Sent by mail for 50 cts.

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It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

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EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION,
UNEQUALED FACILITIES,
SKILLED WORKMEN,
BEST MATERIAL,
COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.

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Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Jan 6 1886.-y1.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect June [illegible]

NORTH'D			BUFFALO DIVISION.	SOUTH'D		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Ar. Lv.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
7 00	1 20	8 30	Buffalo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 13	12 40	7 47	East Aurora	[illegible]	[illegible]	6 25
5 37	12 00	7 08	Chaffee	[illegible]	[illegible]	7 02
5 21	12 03	7 02	Arcade	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 12	11 45	6 41	Machias	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 00	11 24	6 32	Franklinville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 27	11 07	6 02	Hinsdale	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 02	10 47	5 45	Olean	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2 15	7 15		Bradford	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	Lv. Ar.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3 40	10 32		Portville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3 26	10 10		Eldred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3 18	10 00		Larrabee	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2 01	9 40		Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1 54	8 37		Emporium	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
p.m.	a.m.		Lv. Ar.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
a.m.			Lv. Ar.	a.m.		
3 2[illegible]			Harrisburg	[illegible]		
11 20			Philadelphia	[illegible]		
8 00			New York	[illegible]		
11 20			Baltimore	[illegible]		
10 00			Washington	[illegible]		
p.m.			Lv. Ar.	[illegible]		

Sunday Trains.—Leave Buffalo 5:30 p. m., and arriving Buffalo 8:30 a. m. run daily.

Additional Sunday Trains.—Leave Buffalo 9:00 a. m., arriving at Machias Jc., 12:00 p. m.; leave Machias Jc., 5:12 p. m., arriving at Buffalo at 7:25 p. m., stopping at intermediate stations.

Narrow Gauge System. Trains leave Olean for Bradford 7.29, 11.05 a. m., 5.05 p. m.; arrive Olean 8.58 a. m., 3.55, 6.00 p. m. Leave Eldred for Bradford 7.10, 11.42 a. m., 3.35 p. m.; arrive Eldred 8.38, a. m., 3.05, [illegible] p. m. Leave Bradford for Kinzua 6.00, 9.15 a. m., 1.45 p. m., arrive Bradford 11.25 a. m., 3.25, 5.00 p. m.

Sunday Trains.—Leave Olean for Bradford 3.30 p. m., arrive Olean 11.60 a. m.

Trains are run on Eastern Time.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between Emporium and Philadelphia, connecting with trains leaving Buffalo at 3.00 p. m. arriving Buffalo 7.00 p. m.

☞Tickets sold and baggage checked to all principal points.

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J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pas'r. & T'k't. Agt.,
No. 64, Exchange St. Buffalo, N. Y.

CLERMONT BRANCH

Lv. Northw'd		STATIONS.	Lv. Southw'd	
P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3.10	9.35	Larrabees	11.40	7.2[illegible]
3.00	9.10	Frisbee	12.00	7.[illegible]
2.45	9.00	Farmers Valley	12.15	7.[illegible]
2.33	8.40	Smethport	12.32	7.[illegible]
2.13	7.20	Crosby	12.5[illegible]	7.[illegible]
2.08	7.10	Colegrove	12.40	7.[illegible]
2.03	7.00	Hamlin	12.45	7.[illegible]
1.32	6.00	Clermont	1.18	[illegible]
P.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, June 20, 1887.

Ar. Eastw'd		STATIONS.	Lv. Westw'd	
P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
8.15	1.23	Coudersport	8.00	5.[illegible]
8.12	1.19	Hammonds	8.04	[illegible]
8.07	1.14	Fish Basket	8.0[illegible]	[illegible]
8.04	1.10	Olmsted	8.12	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Nelsons	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.51	12.57	Knowlton	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.45	12.50	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.40	12.45	Pomeroy Bridge	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.31	12.26	Burtville	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.30	12.21	Coleman	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.15	12.18	Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

THE ERIE NARROW GAUGE SYSTEM BRADFORD BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD, and BRADFORD, ELDRED & CUBA RAILROAD. Takes effect Sunday, May 2[illegible]

WESTWARD.			STATIONS	EASTWARD.		
	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
	5 25	11 50	ar. Bradford lv.	7 25	10 40	2 2[illegible]
	4 45	11 15	Kenzua Ju.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	4 30	11 08	Rew City	[illegible]	12 00	[illegible]
	4 13	10 48	Rixford	[illegible]	12 2[illegible]	[illegible]
	4 08	10 43	Duke Centre	[illegible]	12 32	[illegible]
	3 50	10 25	Eldred	[illegible]	1 0[illegible]	[illegible]
	3 32	10 10	Bullis Mills	9 10	[illegible]	[illegible]
	3 17	9 54	Ceres	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	2 5[illegible]	9 40	Little Genesee	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 00	2 55	9 30	Lv. Bolivar Ar.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 30	2 34	9 06	Allentown	10 11	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 50	2 05	8 35	lv Wellsville ar	10 45	[illegible]	[illegible]
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
			N. Y., L. E. & W.			
		3 30	Hornellsville	12 10		[illegible]
			Addison	1 15		
			Corning	1 31		[illegible]
		1 52	Elmira	1 56		[illegible]
			Waverly	2 26		[illegible]
			Owego	2 46		[illegible]
		12 21	Binghampton	3 3[illegible]		[illegible]
		6 00	lv. New York ar	10 00		[illegible]
		p.m.		p.m.		a.m.
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
7 30	1 15	10 45	ar. Bradford lv	8 30	9 15	3 15
6 55	1 40	10 10	Kinzua Junct'n	9 10	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 47	1 25	10 02	Aiken	9 17	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 41	1 26	9 56	Davis	9 25	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 35	1 19	9 50	Simpson	9 30	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 35	1 10	9 40	Ormsby	9 40	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 50		9 05	Smethport	10 15		[illegible]
5 50	12 40	9 05	Mt. Jewett	10 15	[illegible]	[illegible]
p.m.	m.	a.m.		[illegible]		

JNO. C. McKENNA,
Superintendent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect May 22, 1887. Daily Except Sunday.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:30, a. m.—Day Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington, 7:45 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

9:15 p. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:25 a. m., New York 11:30 a. m., Baltimore 8:15 a. m., Washington 9:30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:30 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

6:20 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:20 a. m., Baltimore 7:30 a. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 6:20 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:25 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 10:30 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

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C. A. SNOW & CO.,

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Jan. 8, 1886.-tf.

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for

Farmers and Planters.

[illegible] tried and tested for over

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